# Account Lifecycle Manager

**Administrator Guide** 

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# Introduction to Account Lifecycle Manager

Account Lifecycle Manager (ALM) controls the creation, management, and decommissioning of Active Directory Service Accounts running on your organization's network. ALM reduces Service Account sprawl and increases security by enforcing governance and creating accountability using role-based permissions. Depending on a user's role, they can request, approve, provision, manage, and retire service accounts.

# **Key Features**

# **Role-Based Access Controls**

ALM manages Service Accounts by assigning each account to a User within your organization. ALM uses four **Roles** to define User permissions and determine accountability. A User's Role determines how they interact with ALM and Service Accounts.

- Account Owner- All ALM Users are given the Account Owner Role. Account Owners can read and update managed accounts assigned to them.
- System Administrator- A System Administrator has full access to ALM's configuration and management. They can create and manage Users, Roles, Groups, and Workflows.
- **Requestor-** Requestors can request the provisioning of new service accounts.
- Approver- Approvers review requests for new service accounts and approve or deny their provisioning.

**Note:** ALM roles are distinct from Active Directory Roles. They do not overlap.

# Workflow Templates

The **System Administrator** can create templates that guide how Service Accounts in your organization are approved and monitored. Templates determine the approval process, review intervals, notification options, and end-of-lifecycle action for Service Accounts.

# **Service Account Discovery**

ALM protects your network by controlling newly created privileged accounts. However, you may already have unmanaged Service Accounts running on your network. Using **Service Account Discovery**, you can scan your network to identify Service Accounts that are active and unmanaged. Using ALM, you can then assign these accounts to Users within your organization or remove the accounts entirely.

# **Example Workflow**

- 1. The System Administrator installs ALM on your network according to your organization's policies.
  - They create users and assign them Roles.
  - They create a **workflow template** that determines the provisioning process.
- 2. A User with the Requester Role logs into ALM and asks that a Service Account be created.
- 3. ALM notifies a User with the **Approver** Role that a request has been made.

- 4. The **Approver** logs into ALM and approves or denies the request.
  - If the request is denied, the Approver provides a reason for the denial. ALM notifies the Requester of the denial and the reason.
  - If the request is approved, ALM creates a proxy for the requested Service Account within Active Directory. The ALM proxy and the Active Directory account will share the same name. ALM will then notify the Requester that the account has been approved and provisioned.
- 5. Once a service account has been provisioned, ALM monitors the account throughout its lifecycle.
  - The workflow template determines the renewal and retirement timeline for the account.
  - ALM will send notifications for upcoming lifecycle events to the selected Users.
  - ALM logs each step for easy auditing.

# ALM Initial Setup Task List

Getting started with ALM requires these tasks:

- Step 1 Make sure your network meets the System Requirements.
- Step 2 Set up an ALM Engine.
- Step 3 <u>Create a Domain</u> and Integrate with Active Directory and/or Azure Active Directory or a supported directory service, and assign the Domain to a Pool.
- Step 4 <u>Create a Vault that</u> integrates with Other Applications such as Secret Server and/or DevOps Secrets Vault.
- Step 5 Integrate with Other Applications, for example, ServiceNow and <u>SIEM</u>.

# Step 1 - Verify System Requirements

Successful use of ALM requires your organization's IT infrastructure to meet several criteria.

# Thycotic One accounts

Each member of your organization who will use ALM must have a **Thycotic One** account. These free accounts provide authentication to Delinea's cloud services, including ALM.

To open a Thycotic One account, visit <u>Thycotic One</u>.

The email a User submits when signing up for Thycotic One will be the email they must provide later when obtaining an ALM User account.

# **Browser Compatibility**

- Google Chrome
- Mozilla Firefox

# Vault Types

Delinea ALM uses Secret Server to store credentials for the accounts it creates in Active Directory. This
removes security risks long associated with storage of temporary credentials for new AD accounts.

If you are not using Secret Server Cloud, your Secret Server version must be Version 10.2.000018 or later, with the Secret Server Platinum or Pro license. Secret Server's web services must be running.

Instructions related to Secret Server requirements appear in Integrate ALM with Secret Server.

- Delinea DevOps Secrets Vault
- Azure Key Vault
- AWS Secrets Manager
- HashiCorp Vault

# Domain Types

The following domain types are supported:

- An Active Directory Domain Controller on Windows Server 2012 or later.
- Azure AD Domain Services.
- Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management.
- Google Cloud Platform Identity and Access Management.

A User account privileged to create Active Directory accounts can authenticate into AD to create other AD accounts.

For details on integration with Active Directory, see Integrate ALM with Active Directory.

# ALM Engine Windows Service

The ALM Engine is a Windows Service that runs on a machine in your organization's environment. It manages interactions between the ALM cloud service and your Active Directory installation. It also supports ALM's integration with your organization's Secret Server instance.

See Setup the ALM Engine Service for details.

# Step 2 - Setup the ALM Engine Service

The ALM Engine is a Windows Service that runs on your organization's hardware. It manages interactions between the ALM cloud service and your Active Directory installation. It also supports the ALM integration partnered with your organization's Secret Server instance.

# ALM Engine Service Requirements

The ALM Engine Windows service must:

- Be able to reach your domain controller over LDAPS.
- Run on a domain controller or a domain-joined machine, with both Windows Server 2012 or later, and Microsoft .NET 4.7.1 or later installed.
- Run as a non-domain joined computer, automatically using Network Service as the service account, OR as an AD account with AD permissions to:
  - Create, delete, and manage User accounts.
  - Reset User passwords and force next-login password changes.
  - Read all User information.
  - Modify the membership of a Group.

#### **Required Ports**

The ALM Engine will communicate to \*.accountlifecyclecloud.com over port 443

Note: The ALM Engine will communicate through port 5671 to the URLs noted below for each region.

Region	URL	Port
US East	thycotic-enza-prod-eastus-sb01.servicebus.windows.net	5671
AU Cen	thycotic-enza-prod-auscen-sb01.servicebus.windows.net	5671
CAN Cen	thycotic-enza-prod-cac-sb01.servicebus.windows.net	5671
EU West	thycotic-enza-prod-westeuro-sb01.servicebus.windows.net	5671

# ALM Engine Installation

To install a new ALM Engine do the following:

- 1. Select **Integrations** in the left navigation panel.
- 2. In the Engines tab, select Download Installer to obtain the installer files:

tegrations			
mains Engines Engine Pools Vai	ults		
wiload, Setup, Restart, and Check the status o renvironment. The Engine Service are essentia sctory. Learn more through our in-app docume Search	al to managing interactions entation.		s Download Installer
		WORKGROUP\DEL-01-1263-LT	~
ALPHADC02@alpha.thycotic.com Status: Enabled Pool: alpha.thycotic.pool	Last Connected	Status: Enabled Pool: WORKGROUP Pool	Last Connected 02/27/2023

- 3. Copy the installer to the computer that will host the ALM Engine, unzip the file and run: install.cmd.
- 4. Follow the prompts until the installation finishes.

Note: The activation token for the ALM Engine will last **8 hours**. If the engine needs to be reinstalled, a new token will need to be obtained.

# ALM Engine Login Account Configuration in AD

Change the login account for the Delinea ALM Engine to an AD account with the following AD permissions:

AD Object	Permissions for ALM Engine
Organizational Unit	list contents
	read all properties
	create User objects
	delete User objects
User	list contents
	read all properties
	change password
	reset password
	write all properties
Groups	list contents
	read all properties
	write member

# To Change the Login Account:

- 1. Run services.msc to open the Services Control Manager.
- 2. Find Thycotic ALM Engine, right-click, and select Properties.
- 3. In the Properties panel, select Log On.
- 4. Select This account:
- 5. Supply the AD account name for the ALM Engine service, along with the account credentials, and select OK.
- 6. Restart the ALM Engine service by right-clicking Thycotic ALM Engine and selecting Restart.
- 7. Back in ALM, the new ALM Engine will appear in the **Unassigned ALM Engines** section.
- 8. Select the ALM Engine, assign it to a pool, and choose Activate.

# Additional ALM Engine Login Account Information

The ALM Engine's AD Service Account requires several machine-specific permissions. The installer sets these permissions, you will not need to perform these steps as part of your initial ALM setup:

- Local Security or Domain Policy: "Log on as a service".
- Registry: Full Control on Computer\HKLM\SOFTWARE\Thycotic Software Ltd
- File System: C:\ProgramData\Thycotic Software Ltd

If the service account changes, you may need to reapply these permissions.

# ALM Engine Logs

Administrators can view ALM Engine error messages and sync information in the **ALM Engine Log**, available in ALM under **Audit > ALM Engine Logs**. This is an abbreviated log, the ALM Engine does not send all log messages back to ALM.

# View Full Versions of ALM Engine Logs

Use these steps to view the full version of logs on the machine hosting the ALM Engine service:

- 1. Log into the machine where the ALM Engine is located.
- From root, navigate to: ProgramData > Thycotic Software Ltd > ALMEngine > packages > Thycotic Provision
- 3. Locate the appsettings.json file.
- 4. Open appsettings.json with Notepad or another suitable text editor.
- 5. Under the Serilog section, you will see MinimumLevel, and below that, Default : Information
- 6. Change that to **Default** : **Verbose**
- 7. Save the file.

- 8. Open Services.
- 9. Restart the ALM Engine service.

You can find the log files in the following locations:

- C:\ProgramData\Thycotic Software Ltd\RemoteWorker\logs
- C:\ProgramData\Thycotic Software Ltd\RemoteWorker\packages\Thycotic Provisioning\logs

If you're an administrator, you can view an abbreviated set of logs through the UI under **Audit** > **Remote Worker Logs**.

# LDAPS

ALM requires LDAPS for AD integration, with reliance on port 636. The port number is not configurable.

# ALM Engine Troubleshooting

If the ALM Engine does not run properly, review its operation logs for clues. If you cannot resolve the problem, contact <u>Delinea</u> for support.

### See Also

See Also the ALM Engine Calibration Tool section of the ALM Administration article.

# Step 3 - Create a Domain

ALM uses domain integration to automatically provision accounts for use.

Click **Integrations** in the left navigation panel and select the **Domains** tab to view the domains currently integrated into ALM.

Supported domains include;

- Active Directory
- Azure Active Directory
- Amazon Web Services
- Google Cloud Platform

#### ALM Initial Setup Task List

ntegrations > Domains		6
Domains		
15 items Search	]	Create Domain
DOMAIN 🕇	DOMAIN TYPE	ENABLED
big.alpha.thycotic.com	Active Directory	Yes
cz	Azure Active Directory	No
enzadev.thycotic.com	Active Directory	Yes
GCP EC2	Google Cloud Platform Identity and Access Man	Yes
IAM	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Man	Yes
IAM Delete	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Man	Yes
IAM(0)	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Man	Yes
IAM3	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Man	Yes
IAMTest	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Man	Yes
QA_ENZA	Active Directory	No
small.alpha.thycotic.com	Active Directory	Yes

#### Click Create Domain.

# View Existing Domains

Click any domain to view the identifiers that characterize the domain. Use **Search** to quickly identify a domain for display.

The **DOMAIN TYPE** is displayed, along with whether the domain is enabled or disabled. Supported domain types include: Active Directory, Azure Active Directory, Google Cloud Platform Identity and Access Management, and Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management.

Other features for a domain include: **Delete** in the top right of the page to delete the domain and **Sync** to sync the domain manually. To set up or edit a scheduled sync, click **Edit** under **Sync Schedule**.

Identifiers vary depending on the domain type and include:

Attribute	Definition	Features
General	domain details and sync features	Edit is available for both the Domain details and the Sync Schedule.
Users	users granted access to the domain	Search by DISPLAY NAME is avaiable. Filters are available for enabled and disabled users.
Groups	groups granted access to the domain	Search by group NAME is avaiable. Filters are available for enabled and disabled groups.
Roles	roles defined for use in the domain	Search by group DISPLAY NAME is available. Filters are available for enabled and disabled roles.

Attribute	Definition	Features
Organizational Units	organizational units granted access to the domain	Both the <b>NAME</b> and <b>DISTINGUISHED NAME</b> are displayed for a unit.
Resources	users, groups, and policies associated with the domain	The resource <b>NAME</b> , <b>TYPE</b> , and <b>ENABLED</b> status are displayed.
Attributes	values assigned to the domain for management and tracking	The NAME and DESCRIPTION of each attribute is listed.
Managed Accounts	Active Directory accounts with privileges to run services and tasks for the domain	The DISPLAY NAME, SAM ACCOUNT NAME, DISTINGUISHED NAME, ENABLED status, and MANAGED STATE are shown. Filters are available fo reach of these fields.

# Integrate ALM with Active Directory

Use these steps to integrate ALM with Active Directory.

- Navigate to External Domains > Add Domain.
- Enter the **Name** of your Active Directory domain.
- Add the domain to ALM.

After you create the Active Directory domain in ALM, you must assign it to an ALM Engine Pool:

- Browse to the ALM Engine Pools section.
- Select the intended ALM Engine Pool and choose Manage Pool.
- Use **Assign** and select the Active Directory domain to assign to the pool.

Once you assign the AD domain to an ALM Engine Pool, you start synchronization by managing the External Domain.

To perform an ad-hoc synchronization of a specific Domain, go to the **Manage** tab of the Domain, use the **Actions** button, and select **Sync**.

The Users, Groups, Organizational Units, Attributes, and Managed Accounts of the Domain will all be synced. Depending on the Domain size, synchronizing may take up to 15 minutes

#### **Domain Synchronization**

You can set the interval that ALM automatically syncs and schedule on-demand syncs.

Note: ALM checks for synchronization requests at the top of each hour. Syncs should be scheduled for the start of the next hour or they will not start until the following day. *Example: If it is 9:30, the soonest a sync can be scheduled is 10:00. If a sync were scheduled at 9:30 for 9:45, ALM Would not sync until 9:45 the following day.* 

# Sync Users

Within a Domain, you can identify to ALM selected AD Groups and their Child Groups that should have their Users synced to ALM and then kept in sync. This tool directly applies to the task of importing existing AD user accounts into ALM for governance.

Users within selected Groups and Child Groups will automatically receive the Account Owner Role because like all Users in ALM they will belong to the Everyone Group. Once initially synced, Users may be added to other ALM Groups and assigned additional Roles.

Use these steps to enable Sync Users.

- 1. Navigate to the **Domains** page.
- 2. Select the Domain to Sync Users.
- 3. On the Manage tab of the Domains detail page:
  - a. Click Actions.
  - b. Select Edit.
  - c. In the lower half of the Manage tab, locate the Sync Users tool.
- 4. Set the Enable Sync toggle to Yes.
- 5. Scroll or search from the Available Groups table to locate the Domain's Groups to sync with ALM.
- 6. Click the green + (plus) icon to the right of the Group to place it in the Synchronized Groups table on the right.
- 7. To finalize the configuration, return to **Actions** at the top of the page and click **Save**.

#### Notes

- You can disable this sync at any time.
- You can control the sync schedule using the Sync this domain feature on the Manage tab of the Domains detail page.
- Be mindful of the number of users your selections will cause to be synced into ALM, as subscription limits apply to how many users come into ALM via this feature.
  - Navigate to the Subscription page of ALM to view subscription consumption figures.

#### Active Directory Account Discovery Tool

The AD Account Discovery Tool allows System Administrators to select any or all service Accounts within a specific domain and import them to ALM, where they can be managed by associating them with Workflow Templates and assigning Owners.

Located under Administration > Account Discovery, the tool presents a simple four-step process for bringing AD service Accounts under ALM management.

Be sure to familiarize yourself with the limitations on these steps before you begin this process.

- select the domain
  - limit: you can select only **one** domain at a time; to analyze multiple domains, you must separately apply the Discovery Tool to each domain
- select Accounts within the domain
  - note: Accounts must be selected from Organizational Units; you can select Accounts from multiple OUs
- assign the selected Accounts to a Workflow Template
  - limit: you will only have the option to assign all of the selected Accounts to one Workflow Template
- assign Users and Groups as Owners of the Accounts
  - limit: in assigning Users and Groups to be the Account Owners, you will be assigning **all** of the Accounts you selected to be owned by **each** User and Group you select here

# Integrate ALM with Amazon Web Services (AWS)

Use these steps to integrate ALM with AWS Directory.

- Navigate to External Domains > Add Domain.
- Enter the **Name** of your AWS domain.
- Add the domain to ALM.

After you create the AWS domain in ALM, you must assign it to an ALM Engine Pool.

- Browse to the ALM Engine Pools section.
- Select the intended ALM Engine Pool and choose Manage Pool.
- Use **Assign** and select the AWS domain to assign to the pool.

Once you assign the AWS domain to an ALM Engine Pool, you start synchronization by managing the External Domain.

To perform an ad-hoc synchronization of a specific Domain, go to the **Manage** tab of the Domain, use the **Actions** button, and select **Sync**.

### Setting Permissions for AWS

Use these steps to integrate ALM with Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management.

- 1. Launch a Windows EC2 instance in AWS.
- 2. Create a new IAM Role with the permissions shown on the **Permissions** tab below, or use JSON as shown. Note that the **Resources** can be set to all (\*).
- 3. Assign the new role to the EC2 instance.
- 4. Install the ALM Engine on the EC2 instance.

#### ALM Initial Setup Task List

5. Assign the ALM Engine to a domain and pool in ALM.

ermissions Policy usage	Tags	Policy versions	Access Advisor
Back IAM			
Policy summary {} JSON	Edit po	licy	
<b>Q</b> Filter			
Action (20 of 159) Show remainir	ng 139	Resource	
List (8 of 36 actions)			
GetLoginProfile		All resources	
ListAccessKeys		All resources	
ListAttachedGroupPolicies		All resources	
ListAttachedUserPolicies		All resources	
ListGroups		All resources	
ListGroupsForUser		All resources	
ListPolicies		All resources	
ListUsers		All resources	
Read (1 of 28 actions)			
GetUser		All resources	
Tagging (1 of 16 actions)			
TagUser		All resources	
Write (8 of 56 actions)			
AddUserToGroup		All resources	
CreateAccessKey		All resources	
CreateLoginProfile		All resources	
CreateUser		All resources	
DeleteAccessKey		All resources	
DeleteLoginProfile		All resources	
DeleteUser		All resources	
RemoveUserFromGroup		All resources	
Permissions management (2 of	23 actions)		
AttachUserPolicy		All resources	
DetachUserPolicy		All resources	

{

```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
{
"Sid": "VisualEditor0",
"Effect": "Allow",
"Action": [
"iam:ListPolicies",
```

```
"iam:DeleteAccessKey",
                 "iam:AttachUserPolicy",
                 "iam:DeleteUser",
"iam:CreateUser",
                 "iam:TagUser",
                 "iam:CreateAccessKey",
                 "iam:CreateLoginProfile"
                 "iam:RemoveUserFromGroup",
                 "iam:AddUserToGroup",
                 "iam:ListGroupsForUser"
                 "iam:ListAttachedUserPolicies",
                 "iam:ListUsers",
                 "iam:ListAttachedGroupPolicies",
                 "iam:ListGroups",
                 "iam:GetUser",
                 "iam:DetachUserPolicy",
                 "iam:GetLoginProfile"
                 "iam:DeleteLoginProfile",
                 "iam:ListAccessKeys"
            ],
"Resource": "*"
        }
    ]
}
```

# Integrate ALM with Azure Active Directory

Use these steps to integrate ALM with Azure Active Directory:

- 1. Open a browser and navigate to the Azure Active Directory admin center.
- 2. Select Azure Active Directory in the left-hand navigation, then select App registrations under Manage:

	Dashboard > Contoso - Overview		
🧾 Dashboard	Contoso - Overview		Documentati
i≡ All services		≪ 🔗 Switch directory 👜 Delete directory	
- 🛧 FAVORITES	,⊅ search (Ctri+7)		
Azure Active Directory	<ol> <li>Overview</li> </ol>	contoso.com	
🎍 Users	🥳 Getting started	Contoso	
Enterprise applications	Manage	Azure AD Premium P2	
	🔓 Users	Sign-ins	Your role
	🝰 Groups	800	Global administr More info of
	Organizational relationships	500	
	Roles and administrators	300	Find
	Enterprise applications	200	Users
	Devices	100	Search
		0 Apr 7 Apr 14 Apr 21 Apr 28	Azure AD Coni
	App registrations	Apr/ Apri4 Apr21 Apr26	sync
	App registrations (Legacy)	What's new in Azure AD	Status Not en
	Identity Governance	Stay up to date with the latest release notes and blog	Last sync Sync ha
	Application proxy	posts.	Create

- 3. Select New registration. On the **Register an application** page, set the values as follows:
  - Set Name: (Delinea ALM).
  - Set Supported account types to: Accounts in this organizational directory only (Single tenant).

Leave Redirect URI empty:

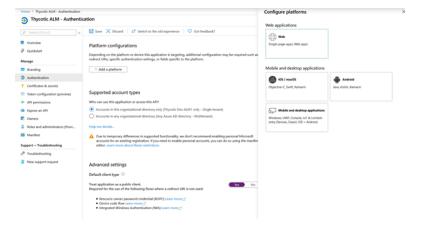
Register an ap	plication
* Name	
The user-facing disp	lay name for this application (this can be changed later).
Thycotic ALM	✓
Supported acco	unt types
Who can use this ap	plication or access this API?
<ul> <li>Accounts in thi</li> </ul>	organizational directory only (Thycotic Dev ALM1 only - Single tenant)
O Accounts in any	organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)
Accounts in any	organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
Help me choose	
Redirect URI (op	tional)
	entication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be value is required for most authentication scenarios.
Web	e.g. https://myapp.com/auth

4. Select **Register**. On the Delinea ALM App Registration page, copy the value of the Application (client) ID and (tenant) ID:

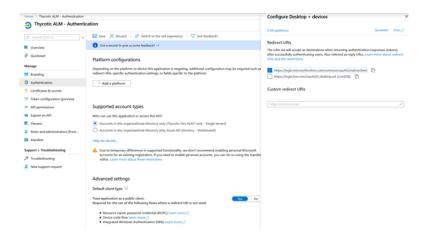
Thycotic ALM			
₽ Bearch (Ctrl+/) «	B Delete   Endpoints		
R Overview	Got a second? We would love your feedback on Microsoft identity platform (previously Azure AD for developer).	→	
& Quickstart	Display name : Thycotic ALM	Supported account types	: My organization only
Manage	Application (client) ID : f5cc33c0-bb99-407-8403-93edd062e3b8 Directory (tenant) ID : 1819ccbc-6312-4fc3-96f5-b78822d9fb3 D		: Add a Redirect URI : Add an Application ID URI
Eranding	Object ID : 0e957f2b-ba50-4826-8317-3924d52ef272	Managed application in	
Authentication	*		

5. Select the Add a Redirect URI link. On the Redirect URIs page, locate the Add Platform button and select the Mobile and desktop applications section.

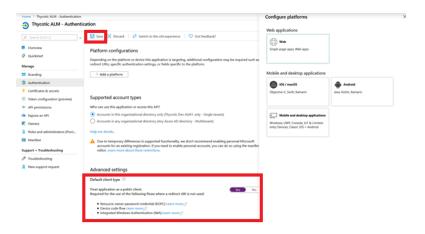
Select the https://login.microsoftonline.com/common/oauth2/nativeclient URI and click **Configure**:



#### ALM Initial Setup Task List



6. Locate the **Default client type** section and change the **Treat application as a public client** toggle to **Yes**, then choose **Save**:



- 7. Select Certificates and secrets from the left-hand menu and do the following:
  - Click **new client secret** and name it by adding "ALM" to the Description field.
  - Copy the client secret for later.

P Thycotic ALM - Certificat	tes & secrets			\$ >
P Search (Ctrl+/) «	Add a client secret			
Overview	Description			
P Quickstart	ALM			
fanage	Expires			
Branding	O in 1 year			
Authentication	In 2 years     Never			
Certificates & secrets	(C) never			
Token configuration (preview)	Add Cancel			
<ul> <li>API permissions</li> </ul>	Add Cancel			
Expose an API	A secret string that the application uses to p	rove its identity when requesting a token. Also	an be referred to as application password.	
Comers	+ New client secret			
Roles and administrators (Previ	Description	Expires	Value	
Manifest	No client secrets have been created for this a	and in the		
upport + Troubleshooting	Involution, secrets have open creates for one o	abburacture.		
P Troubleshooting				
New support request				

8. Select API Permissions in the left navigation panel and do the following:

- Select Add Permissions.
- Select Microsoft Graph.
- Add the following permission options:
  - Delegated Permissions:
    - ° Directory.AccessAsuser.All
  - Application Permissions:
    - ° Group.Read.All
    - Group.ReadWrite.All
    - Group.Selected
    - <sup>o</sup> User-PasswordProfile.ReadWrite.All
    - User.Read.All
    - User.ReadWrite.All
    - ° RoleManagement.Read.All
    - RoleManagement.Read.Directory
    - RoleManagement.ReadWrite.Directory

«	Refresh			Microsoft Graph https://graph.microsoft.com/ Docs 3	
	Configured permissions			What type of permissions does your application require?	
	Configured permissions Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted perm all the permissions the application needs. Learn more about permiss			Delegated permissions Your application needs to access the API as the signed-in user.	Application permissions Your application runs as a background service or daemon without a signed-in user.
	+ Add a permission	Grant admin consent for	Thycoti	Select permissions	
	API / Permissions nam	не Туре	Desc		
	Microsoft Graph (7)			Type to search Permission	Admin Consent Required
	Directory AccessAc	sUser.All Delegated	Accer	> AccessReview	Aumin Consent Required
	Domain.ReadWrite	e.All Application	Read	> AdministrativeUnit	
	Group.Read.All	Application	Read	> Application	
	Group.ReadWrite.	All Application	Read	> AppRoleAssignment	
	Group.Selected	Application	Accer	> ApprovalRequest	
	User Read All	Application	Read	> Auditlog	
	User ReadWrite Al	Application	Read	> BitlockerKey	
				> Calendars	
				> CallRecords	
				> Calls	
				> ChannelMessage	
				> Chat	
				> Contacts	
				> DelegatedPermissionGrant	
				> Device	
				> DeviceManagementApps	
				> DeviceManagementConfiguration	
				> DeviceManagementManagedDevices	
				> DeviceManagementRBAC	
				> DeviceManagementServiceConfig	
				Directory	
				✓Domain (1)	
				Domain.ReadWrite.All Read and write domains	Yes
				> EduAdministration	
				> EduAssignments	
				> EduRoster	
				> Externalitem	
				> Files	
				✓ Group (3)	
				Group.Create Create groups ③	Yes
				Group.Read.All Read all groups ③	Yes
				Group.ReadWrite.All Read and write all groups ③	Yes
				Group.Selected Access selected groups ③	Yes

#### 9. Select Grant admin consent.

- 10. Switch over to ALM:
  - Navigate to Integrations.
  - Select **Domains** from the list.
  - Select Add Domain.

- Enter a **Name** for the Domain.
- From the **Domain Type** drop-down, select **Azure Active Directory**.
- Select Edit from the Actions menu.
- *Optional* Enable and configure domain synchronization.
- Enter the client, secret, and tenant ID in the created Azure AD Domain.
- Select Save from the Actions menu:

Integrations > Domains > Thycotic AL	М		0
Manage Users Groups Attributes	Managed Accounts		Actions 👻
Manage Account Lifecycle Manager allows you to Enable and Disable the Domain.	Name	Thycotic ALM	D
comman. Enable and set a synchronization schedule most appropriate for this Domain.	Domain Type		Azure Active Directory
	Enabled		No 💶 Yes
	Sync this domain	Enable sync:	No 🔵 Yes
		Every:	1
		Start day:	1 - First ~
		Start time:	7:00 PM
	Last Sync		Never
Azure AD Connection	Client Id:		D
This is an explanation for how to set up an Azure AD Connection.	Client Secret: Azure Tenant ID:		D

#### Optional: Use these steps to enable Sync:

- 1. In ALM, navigate to the **Domains** page.
- 2. Select a Domain for which you want Sync enabled.
- 3. On the Manage tab of the Domains detail page:
  - Select Edit
  - Locate the **Sync** tool (in the lower half of the **Manage** tab).
- 4. Set the Enable Sync toggle to Yes.
- 5. Set the desired sync frequency. Review your work.

To commit the configuration, return to the Actions button at the top of the page and select Save.

# Integrate Google Cloud Platform

Use these steps to integrate the Google Cloud Platform.

1. Launch a Windows Google Compute Instance in GCP and note the Service Account associated with the instance.

#### ALM Initial Setup Task List

- Create a new IAM Role for ALM Provisioning. The role needs to be created at the organization level if multiple projects will be used for provisioning accounts. If not, then the role can be created in a single project. Define the following permissions on the Permissions tab:
  - iam.roles.list
  - iam.serviceAccountKeys.create
  - iam.serviceAccountKeys.delete
  - iam.serviceAccountKeys.get
  - iam.serviceAccountKeys.list
  - iam.serviceAccounts.create
  - iam.serviceAccounts.delete
  - iam.serviceAccounts.disable
  - iam.serviceAccounts.enable
  - iam.serviceAccounts.get
  - iam.serviceAccounts.getlamPolicy
  - iam.serviceAccounts.list
  - iam.serviceAccounts.setlamPolicy
  - iam.serviceAccounts.undelete
  - iam.serviceAccounts.update
  - resourcemanager.organizations.get
  - resourcemanager.organizations.getlamPolicy
  - resourcemanager.organizations.setlamPolicy
  - resourcemanager.projects.get
  - resourcemanager.projects.getlamPolicy
  - resourcemanager.projects.list
  - resourcemanager.projects.setlamPolicy
- 3. At the Organization or Project level, assign the Google Compute Instance Service Account to the ALM Provisioning role created.

ALM will sync all Service Accounts, Roles, Organizations, and Projects that it has access to. To exclude certain Organizations and Projects from sync, explicitly deny the ALM Role access to them.

- 4. Install a certificate on the Windows Google Compute Instance for the Service Account.
  - a. Find the Service Account for the engine machine and generate a PK12 access key.
  - b. Install the access key on the Windows Google Compute Instance in the Trusted Root Certificate folder.
  - c. The Service Account (Active Directory Account or Network Service) used to run the ALM Engine Service needs to be able to access the certificate locally.

- 5. Enable Domain Wide Delegation for the Service Account used by the ALM Engine to perform requests:
  - a. The scopes required are:

https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.domain.readonly

https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.group.readonly https://www.googleapis.com/auth/admin.directory.user.readonly

- b. Enable Admin SDK API (https://developers.google.com/admin-sdk/?hl=en\_US).
- c. When creating the GCP IAM Domain in the ALM UI, specify the email of the GCP Admin user to impersonate. The Admin user must have logged into GCP at least one time and accepted the terms and conditions.
- 6. Install the ALM Engine on the Google Compute Instance.
- 7. Assign the ALM Engine to a Google Cloud Domain and pool in ALM.
- 8. Set the Admin email account on the ALM Domain.
- 9. Sync the ALM Domain.

# Integrate Group Managed Service Accounts

#### Overview

Group Managed Service Accounts (gMSAs) provide automatic password and simplified service principal name (SPN) management to multiple servers.

ALM supports the provisioning and lifecycle management of gMSAs. This is achieved when **Group Managed Service Account** is selected as the **Account Type** when the System Administrator is creating a Workflow Template.

Note: ALM Active Directory domains do not sync gMSA accounts by default. To sync gMSA accounts, select Sync Group Managed Service Accounts prior to performing a sync.

\$	Account Lifecycle Manager		Workflow Templates >						۲			
6	Home		New Templa	ite								
Û	Alerts							_	_			
ð	Workflows		1 Setup	2 Vault	3 Directory Services	(4) Ownership	5 Lifecycle	i 🔹	lext			
	Personnel Users	^	Template De This tool will guide yo managed accounts.		ss of creating and publishing a Wo	rkflow Template to use fi	or creating					
	Groups		Template Name		gMSA Account Managmeent							
	Roles		Account Type	Account Type Active Directory ~								
ß	Audit	~	End of Lifecycle Acti	on	Review				~			
$\diamond$	API	~	Service Account		<b>v</b>							
♪	Alert Settings	~	Terms of Service									
di	Reports											
£33	Configuration								/			
			Purpose									
0	elinea	<										

### **Requirements:**

- RSAT needs to be installed on the engine machine
  - Use Powershell and run script: Install-WindowsFeature RSAT-AD-PowerShell
  - Use GUI and Enable RSAT through Turn Windows Features on or off
- Microsoft Active Directory prerequisites and one-time preparation, see Microsoft documentation

#### Parameters:

Certain Parameters are set by default and others by the attributes list in a workflow template.

- **PrincipalsAllowedToDelegateToAccount** Set by the Users and Groups selected in the template.
- KerberosEncryptionType Accepted values (None, DES, RC4, AES128, AES256). Only one is allowed.
- ServicePrincipalNames Accepts a comma-separated list of service principal names. This has to be unique for each request.

# Step 4 - Create a Vault

ALM integrates with the following vaults for storage and management of account credentials:

- Secret Server
- DevOps Secrets Vault.
- Azure Key Vault
- AWS Secrets Manager
- Hashicorp

### Integrate with AWS Secrets Manager

Use these steps to integrate ALM with AWS Secrets Manager.

- In ALM, navigate to Integrations on the left-hand menu and click Vaults.
- Click **Create Vault** in the upper right-hand corner.
- On the Add Vault Modal, select AWS Secrets Manager from the Template drop-down menu. Click Next.
- Fill in the required fields:
  - AWS Secrets Manager Display Name is the name that will display for the vault in ALM.
  - AWS Secrets Manager URL is the location of the vault.
  - Access Key ID is the login name for the vault.
  - Secret Access Key is the password for the vault.
- Click Save.

Once added, you can select AWS Secrets Manager as a vault option when creating Workflow Templates. Accounts created from that template will use AWS Secrets Manager for the storage and management of account credentials.

# Integrate with HashiCorp Vault

ALM currently supports HashiCorp Vault with token-based authentication and the key/value Secrets Engine. Use these steps to integrate ALM with HashiCorp Vault:

- In ALM, navigate to Integrations on the left-hand menu and click Vaults.
- Click Create Vault in the upper right-hand corner.
- On the Add Vault Modal, select HashiCorp Vault from the Template drop-down menu. Click Next.
- Fill in the required fields:
  - HashiCorp Vault Display Name is the name that will display for the vault in ALM.
  - HashiCorp Vault URL is the location of the vault.
  - Vault Connection Token is the authentication token provided in the HashiCorp UI.
- Click Save.

Once added, you can select HashiCorp Vault as a vault option when creating Workflow Templates. Accounts created from that template will use HashiCorp Vault for the storage and management of account credentials.

# Integrate ALM with Secret Server

ALM integrates with Secret Server for storage and management of account credentials, connecting to Secret Server through the ALM Engine service, which uses the Secret Server Rest API. If you use an on-premises installation of Secret Server, the version must be **10.2.000018** or later.

Because Account Lifecycle Manager works with Secret Server through Secret Server's web services, you must enable those services on your Secret Server instance.

Use these steps to enable the Secret Server web services:

- 1. Log in to Secret Server as an Administrator and navigate to Admin > Configuration.
- 2. On the General tab, under Application Settings, find the entry for Enable Webservices.
- 3. If the entry displays as No, you must change it.
  - Use the **Edit** button found below the settings to reveal controls for making changes.
  - Set the toggle box for **Enable Webservices** to active.
  - Use the **Save** button below the settings to save the change.

You must also set up a Secret Server account for ALM that has privileges to:

- View folders accessible to ALM Users
- Create Secrets in those folders
- View Secret Template permissions

To integrate ALM with Secret Server, use these steps:

- 1. Select Integrations in the left navigation panel, then select the Vaults tab.
- 2. Click Create Vault.

- 3. At the Template drop-down, select Delinea Secret Server.
- 4. Provide the following information: Secret Server Display Name, Secret Server URL, and the Username and Password for the Secret Server account that will run this integration.

**Note:** Delinea recommends creating a Secret Server Application Account Role with the following permissions:

- a. Add Secret
- b. Deactivate Secret
- c. View Advanced Secret Options
- d. View Folders
- e. View Secret Templates

You must use a template with the following fields, and you must not add new required fields to the template:

- domain
- Username
- password
- notes

# Integrate ALM with DevOps Secrets Vault

ALM integrates with Delinea's DevOps Secrets Vault (DSV) for storage and management of Account credentials.

Use these steps to integrate ALM with DevOps Secrets Vault.

- 1. In the left navigation panel, select Integrations and navigate to the Vaults tab. Select Create Vault.
- 2. At the Template drop-down and select Delinea DevOps Secrets Vault.
- 3. Click Next to confirm that selection, and fill in the required information:
  - DevOps Secrets Vault Display Name entry is the vault label in ALM that distinguishes it from other vaults
  - DevOps Secrets Vault URL specifies the URL of your DevOps Secrets Vault instance
  - ClientID records the Client ID of your DevOps Secrets Vault instance
  - ClientSecret is the password for your ClientID
- 4. Click Create Vault to confirm your entries

Once you have added it, you can select **Delinea DevOps Secrets Vault** as a vault option when creating Workflow Templates.

Requests made based on Workflow Templates that have a DevOps Secrets Vault will use DevOps Secrets Vault for the storage and management of Account credentials.

### Integrate with Azure Key Vault

Use these steps to integrate ALM with Azure Key Vault.

- 1. In ALM, navigate to Integrations on the left-hand menu and click Vaults.
- 2. Click Create Vault in the upper right-hand corner.
- 3. On the Add Vault Modal, select Azure Key Vault from the Template drop-down menu. Click Next.
- 4. Fill in the required fields:
  - Azure Key Vault Display Name is the name that will display for the vault in ALM.
  - Azure Key Vault URL is the location of the vault.
  - ClientID is the login name for the vault.
  - ClientSecret is the password for the vault.
  - **TenantID** is the tenant name of your Azure account.
- 5. Click Save.

Once added, you can select Azure Key Vault as a vault option when creating Workflow Templates. Accounts created from that template will use Azure Key Vault for the storage and management of account credentials.

# Integrate with HashiCorp Vault

ALM currently supports HashiCorp Vault with token-based authentication and the key/value Secrets Engine.

Use these steps to integrate ALM with HashiCorp Vault.

- In ALM, navigate to Integrations on the left-hand menu and click Vaults.
- Click Create Vault in the upper right-hand corner.
- On the Add Vault Modal, select HashiCorp Vault from the Template drop-down menu. Click Next.
- Fill in the required fields:
  - HashiCorp Vault Display Name is the name that will display for the vault in ALM.
  - HashiCorp Vault URL is the location of the vault.
  - Vault Connection Token is the authentication token provided in the HashiCorp UI.
- Click Save.

Once added, you can select HashiCorp Vault as a vault option when creating Workflow Templates. Accounts created from that template will use HashiCorp Vault for the storage and management of account credentials.

### Integrate with AWS Secrets Manager

Integration with AWS Secrets Manager requires running an ALM Engine on an EC2 instance.

- 1. Launch a Windows EC2 instance in AWS.
- 2. Create a new IAM Role and attach the policy SecretsManagerReadWrite.
- 3. Assign the new role to the EC2 instance.

4. Install the ALM Engine on the EC2 instance.

	Role ARN	am'a	ws:iam::654162035056	Stole/ALM-Delete @n			
	Role description			AWS services on your b	half   Edit		
	Instance Profile ARNs			instance-profile/ALM-De			
	Path	/	10.1011.00410200000	sindande promeinien ein or			
	Creation time	2021	-10-05 13:54 EDT				
	Last activity		ccessed in the tracking	period			
Ma	aximum session duration	1 hou	-				
Permissions	Trust relationships	Tags	Access Advisor	Revoke sessions			
· Permissie	ons policies (1 policy a	pplied)					
Attach polic	les					0	Add inline policy
Policy r	name 👻				F	Policy type 👻	
🔸 🧯 Sec	retsManagerReadWrite				Α	WS managed policy	3
<ul> <li>Permission</li> </ul>	ons boundary (not set)						
<ul> <li>Generate</li> </ul>	e policy based on Clou	dTrail e	vents				
You can conor	ato a new policy based on th		activity for this role, th	on customizo, creato, an	attach it to th	nis role. AWS uses your CloudTrail events to	identify the consider
	ed and generate a policy. Le			en cusionize, create, an	attach it to ti	iis fole. Awas uses your cloud frail events to f	identity the services
Share your fee	edback and help us improve	the poli	y generation experience	ce.			
	policy						
Generate							

# Self-Hosted ALM Installation Steps

- 1. Make sure that you meet the System Requirements listed below.
- 2. Configure Docker.
- 3. Install ALM.
- 4. Finish and Add Licenses.

## **Prerequisites**

The following are required to install the self-hosted version of ALM:

1. Linux Machine

Note: Tested against the following - Ubuntu 16.04, Ubuntu 18.04, Debian 9, Debian 10, CentOS 8.2, Fedora 32.

- 2. Docker
  - Manages the images and containers used by ALM.
  - Installation Instructions : https://docs.docker.com/get-docker/
- 3. Docker Compose
  - This is required for ALM's installation script to manage the local orchestration of services.
  - Installation instructions: https://docs.docker.com/compose/install/
- 4. Port Configuration

- After installation, the docker containers will require the following ports to be available on the host system:
  - TCP/80, if LetsEncrypt certificate management is enabled.
  - TCP/443 for the web UI.

## Additional Requirements

During installation and configuration, you will need to know the following ahead of time:

- **Domain** (Example: alm.thycotic.com)
  - Site where ALM will accessible to users through a web browser.
- SSL/TLS Certificate for the domain
  - Can be managed automatically using LetsEncrypt, as an option.
  - Or a certificate and chain can be provided manually during setup.
- Open ID Connect (OIDC) credentials
  - ALM uses OIDC for user authentication.
  - This can be configured through Azure Active Directory or Thycotic One.
- SMTP credentials (optional) Allows ALM to send email notifications to users. If you choose to not use SMTP, put in any values for the questions and please understand email notifications will not be sent in ALM. This can be re-configured in the future by running ./alm.sh install, this will initiate the install process again but exclude initial user configuration.

### **Docker Configuration**

Once Docker has been installed, add your user to the docker group. This allows the ALM setup script to run docker commands without sudo:

sudo groupadd docker sudo gpasswd -a \$USER docker sudo service docker restart

Note: Log out and back in for the change to take effect.

# Supported Authentication Methods

ALM on-prem currently supports authentication through:

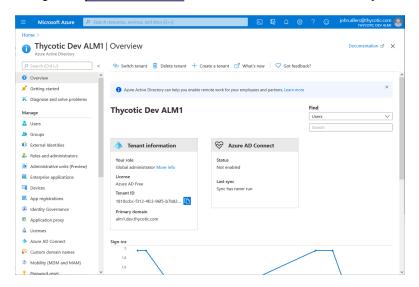
- Auth0
- Azure AD Open ID Connect
- Thycotic One Open ID Connect

#### Azure AD Open ID Connect

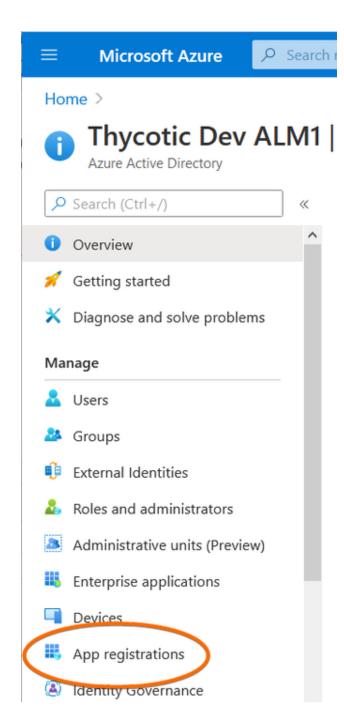
To configure Azure AD OIDC with ALM:

#### **Create a New App Registration**

1. Navigate to portal.azure.com and then Azure Active Directory.



2. In the left-hand navigation panel, select App registrations.



3. On the top of the App registration page, click **+New registration**.

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Home >											
Azure Active Directory	ALM1	App registra	ations 🖈								×
P Search (Ctrl+/)	□ <	+ New registration	n 🕀 Endpoints 🧷 Tro	oubleshooting 🕴 💙	Got feed	back?					
<ol> <li>Overview</li> </ol>	^	() Welcome to the	e new and improved App regi	strations (now Generally A	vailable).	See wha	it's new	and lea	irn mor	e on how	it's changed. $\rightarrow$
💉 Getting started											
X Diagnose and solve problem	IS	All applications	Owned applications								
Manage		Start typing a na	me or Application ID to filt	er these results							
🚨 Users		Display name		Арр	olication	(client)	ID		Create	ed on	Certificates & secrets

- 4. On the **Register an application** page, provide:
  - a. Name- the name you would like for ALM. (Example: ALM On-Prem)
  - b. Supported account types- choose single tenant (default).
  - c. Redirect URI- set the drop-down to Web and provide the sign-in URL for your ALM instance.
- 5. Click register. You will be taken to the newly created App registration page.

$\equiv$ Microsoft Azure	$\mathcal P$ Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)	Σ	Ð	Q			$\odot$	john.allers@thycotic.com		
Home > Thycotic Dev ALM1   App registrations >										
Register an application ×										
* Name										
The user-facing display name for	or this application (this can be changed later).									
ALM On-Prem				~						
Supported account types										
Who can use this application o	r access this API?									
<ul> <li>Accounts in this organizati</li> </ul>	onal directory only (Thycotic Dev ALM1 only - Single tenant)									
<ul> <li>Accounts in any organizati</li> </ul>	onal directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)									
<ul> <li>Accounts in any organizati</li> </ul>	onal directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts	(e.g. Skyp	oe, Xbo	x)						
Help me choose										
Redirect URI (optional)										
	response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is opt uired for most authentication scenarios.	tional and	d it can	be						
-										
Web	https://instance01.john.enzadev.com/signin-oidc         ✓									
By proceeding, you agree to th	a Microsoft Platform Policies ⊂?									
by proceeding, you agree to th	- Microsoft Harrow Folicies [1									
Register										

6. On the registration page, take note of the **Application (client) ID value**. This will be used for the **OIDC Client ID** value during ALM setup.

■ Microsoft Azure	ch resources, services, and docs (G+/)		2	Q	ø	۲	?	٢	john.allers@thycotic.com THYCOTIC DEV ALMI
Home > Thycotic Dev ALM1   App reg	Home > Thycotic Dev ALM1   App registrations >								
👪 ALM On-Prem 🛛 🖈									×
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4 Quickstart	ALM On-Prem Application (client) ID			rganiz rect UR		niy			
💉 Integration assistant (preview)	Application (client) ID 84adb683			b, 0 sp		blic clie	nt		
Manage	Directory (tenant) ID 1810ccbc			ication an App			8		
Branding	Object ID 6efafa16 -d60e1defbc22			aged a		ion in l	ocal di	rectory	
Authentication	-douerderbczz	*	ALM	On-Ph	em				

### Configure OIDC URLs

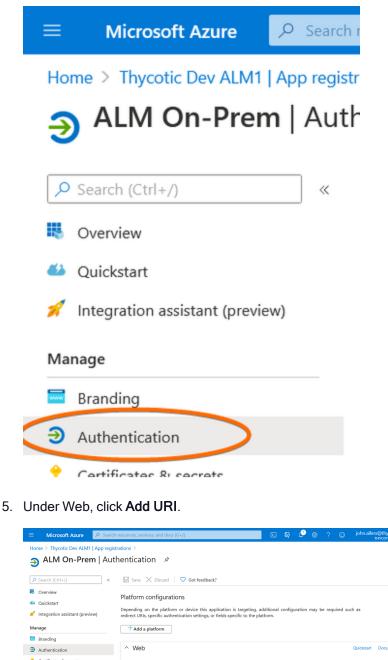
1. On the top of the registration page, click **Endpoints**. The endpoints dialogue will open.

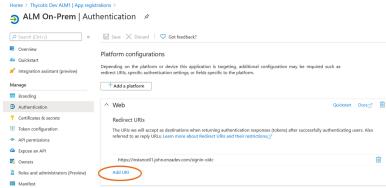
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Sverview	Display name	Supported account types My organization only
<ul> <li>Quickstart</li> <li>Integration assistant (preview)</li> </ul>	ALM On-Prem Application (client) ID 84adb683-f0a6-465f-aee2-c42782a21366	wy organization only Redirect URIs 1 web, 0 spa, 0 public client
Manage	Directory (tenant) ID 1810ccbc-f312-4fc3-96f5-b7b822df9fb3	Application ID URI Add an Application ID URI
Branding	Object ID 6efafa16-cbd6-4046-b197-d60e1defbc22	Managed application in local directory ALM On-Prem
Authentication	onale rolebuolitorio rollador rombezz	*

2. Copy the **OpenID Connect metadata document** value, but omit the *v2.0/well-known/openid-configuration* portion of the URL. This will be the **OIDC Authority URL**.

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P Search (Ctrl+/) «		https://login.microsoftonline.com/	Đ
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iii loken conliguration		Microsoft Graph API endpoint	

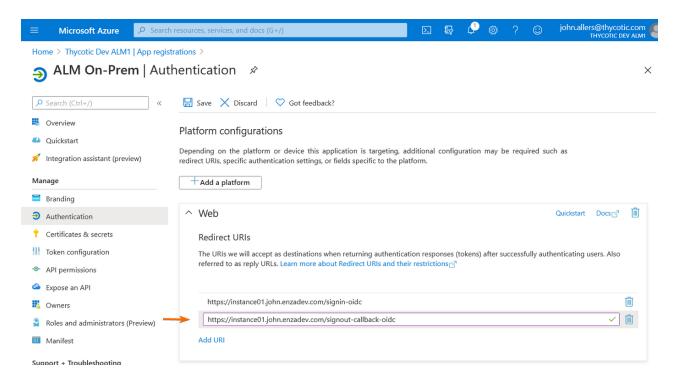
- 3. Close the Endpoints dialogue.
- 4. On the left-hand navigation menu, click Authentication. The Platform configurations panel will open.





6. Enter https://YOUR\_ALM\_DOMAIN/signout-callback-oidc.

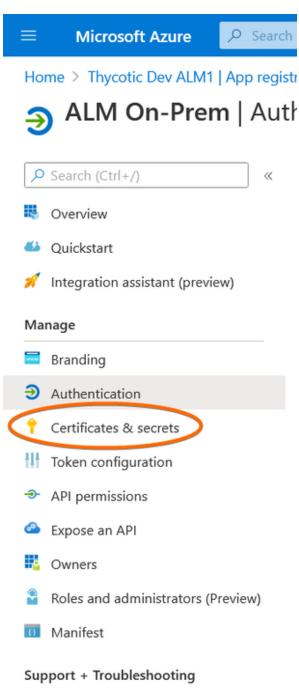
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7. On the top of the panel, click Save.

### **Create Client Secret**

1. In the left-hand navigation menu, click Certificates & secrets. The Certificates & secrets panel will open.

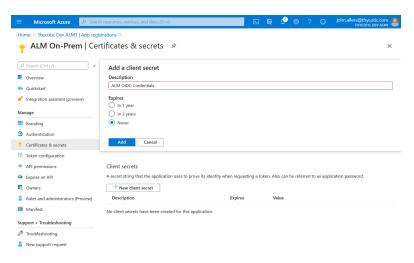


2. Under Client secrets, click New client secret.

#### ALM Initial Setup Task List

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Hor	ne > Thycotic Dev ALM1   A	pp regist	trations >							
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٩	Search (Ctrl+/)	×	Credentials enable confidential applications to identify themselves							
щ,	Overview		(using an HTTPS scheme). For a higher level of assurance, we recorr	mend using	a certifi	cate (ins	tead o	f a clie	ent secre	t) as a credential.
45	Quickstart		Certificates							
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2	Roles and administrators (Prev	riew)	Description Ex	ires	`	/alue				
65	Manifest		No client secrets have been created for this application.							

- 3. On the Add a client secret dialog, choose:
  - a. A description. (Example: ALM OIDC Credentials)
  - b. An expiration date. When this secret expires, ALM will need to be reconfigured with manually with a new secret.
- 4. Click Add to save the new client secret.



- 5. The new secret will now be displayed in the Client secrets section of the Certificates & secrets page.
- 6. Click the **Copy to clipboard icon** and store the secret value. It will be used as the OIDC Client Secret during ALM setup.

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Home > Thycotic Dev ALM1   App	o registrations > Certificates & secrets ⇒								×
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Manage Branding Authentication	Certificates can be used as secrets to prove the application's identity	when requ	esting a	token. A	lso car	n be re	ferred t	o as public keys.	
Certificates & secrets	Thumbprint Start d	ate				Expi	res		
<ul> <li>Token configuration</li> <li>API permissions</li> </ul>	No certificates have been added for this application.								
Expose an API     Owners     Roles and administrators (Preview	Client secrets A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when re w)	questing a	token. A	lso can b	e refe	rred to	as app	lication password.	
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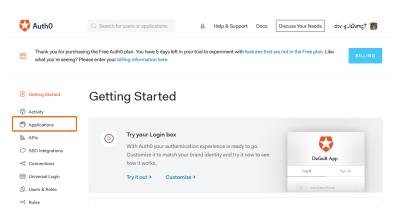
7. The OpenID connect configuration for Azure AD is now ready for use with ALM.

### Configure Auth0 Open ID Connect (OIDC)

#### Create An Application in Auth0

The Auth0 application will allow for authentication with ALM.

- 1. Sign into <u>Auth0</u> or create an account.
- 2. Navigate to Applications



3. Click Create Application.

- Provide a Name.
- Under Choose an application type select Regular Web.
- Click Create.

<ul> <li>Getting Started</li> </ul>	Applicat	ions		+ CREATE APPLIC	ATION
Activity	Setup a mobile, web o	or IoT application to use Auth0 for A	Authentication. Learn more -		
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	e.g.: iOS, Electron,	API.	e.g.: Node.js Express,	services running on your backend.	
	Apple TV apps	e.g.: Angular, React, Vue	ASP.NET, Java, PHP	e.g.: Shell script	
		CREATE	CANCEL		

#### Copy Domain/Client ID/Client Secret

After the application is created, find and copy the values that will be needed during the ALM setup.

- 1. Select the **Settings** tab.
- 2. Under Basic Information, make note of the following:
  - **Domain-** This will be the OIDC Authority URL value during setup.
  - Client ID
  - Client Secret

<ul> <li>Getting Started</li> </ul>	← Back to Applications							
⑦ Activity	ALM Self-Hosted Test							
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SSO Integrations	Quick Start Settings Addons Connections							
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요 Users & Roles								
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➢ Anomaly Detection								
Extensions	Client Secret							
O Get Support	The Client Secret is not base64 encoded.							

### **Configure Settings**

While in the Settings section, configure the settings that are specific to your self-hosted instance.

- 1. Scroll down to the **Applications URIs** section and fill out the following fields
  - Application Login URI https//{{your ALM Domain}}
  - Allowed Callback URLs https://{{your ALM Domain}}/signin-oidc,https://{{your ALM Domain}}/signout-callback-oidc
  - Allowed Logout URLs https://{{your ALM Domain}}/authentication/logout

Application URIs						
Getting Started						
Application Login URI	https://selfhosted.john.enzadev.com					
Applications	In some scenarios, Auth0 will need to redirect to your application's login page. This URI needs to point to a route in your application that					
APIs	should redirect to your tenant's /authorize endpoint. Learn more					
SSO Integrations Allowed Callback URLs	https://selfhosted.john.enzadev.com/signin-oidc,					
Connections	https://selfhosted.john.enzadev.com/signout-callback-oidc					
Universal Login						
Users & Roles	.: After the user authenticates we will only call back to any of these					
Rules	URLs. You can specify multiple valid URLs by comma-separating then (typically to handle different environments like QA or testing). Make					
Hooks	sure to specify the protocol ( https:// ) otherwise the callback may					
Multifactor Auth	fail in some cases. With the exception of custom URI schemes for native clients, all callbacks should use protocol https://.					
Emails						
Allowed Logout URLs	https://selfhosted.john.enzadev.com/authentication/logout					
Anomaly Detection						
Extensions	©					
	A set of URLs that are valid to redirect to after logout from Auth0. Afte a user logs out from Auth0 you can redirect them with the returnTo					
Get Support	query parameter. The URL that you use in returnTo must be listed					
	here. You can specify multiple valid URLs by comma-separating them. You can use the star symbol as a wildcard for subdomains (					
	*.google.com ). Query strings and hash information are not taken					
	into account when validating these URLs. Read more about this at					
	https://auth0.com/docs/logout					

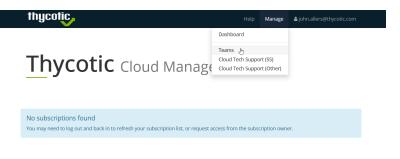
2. Scroll to the bottom of the page and click Save Changes.

### Thycotic One Open ID Connect (OIDC) Configuration

To configure Thycotic One OIDC authentication for use with ALM:

### Select a Team

- 1. Navigate to portal.thycotic.com
- 2. On the top menu, click Manage and then Teams.



3. If there are no existing teams, create one by clicking +New. Give the Team a name and click Save Changes.

thycotic				ŀ	ielp Manage		n.allers@	thycotic.com
Teams	Team Name							
# Name				🖹 Save chan	ges X Cance	1		+ New
# _Account Lifecycle Ma	anager (Enza)	17843-0721-1	🕼 Edit	A Organizations	B Subscriptions	📽 Roles	🛔 Users	A Products
# _ALM On-Prem (Previ	ew)	78778-3604-8	🕼 Edit	A Organizations	Subscriptions	🔮 Roles	A Users	A Products

#### Create a New Organization

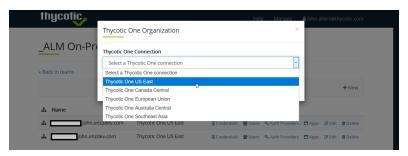
1. To the right of the team name, click **Organizations**.

th	ycotic				Help	Manage	<b>≜</b> joh	n.allers@	thycotic.com
Те	ams								
									+ New
#	Name	Account							
#	_Account Lifecycle Manager (Enza)		G# Edit	A Organization	is 🕅 Su	ibscriptions	🔮 Roles	Users	A Products
#	_ALM On-Prem (Preview)		🕼 Edit	A Organization	is 💷 Su	bscriptions	🖀 Roles	& Users	A Products

2. On the organizations page click **+New**.

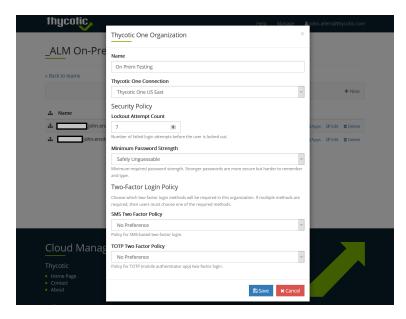
thycotic			Help	o Manage	🛔 john.a	llers@th	ycotic.com
_ALM On-Prem (Pro	eview) - Thycot	ic One O	rgan	izations			
« Back to teams						_	
							+ New
📥 Name	Connection						
john.enzadev.com	Thycotic One US East	Credentials	🔮 Users	At Auth Providers	Apps	🕼 Edit	î Delete
john.enzdev.com	Thycotic One US East	Credentials	🔮 Users	Auth Providers	Apps	GP Edit	Delete

3. From the drop-down, select the Thycotic One region that you would like to use.



4. On the organization preferences page, you can configure the following options:

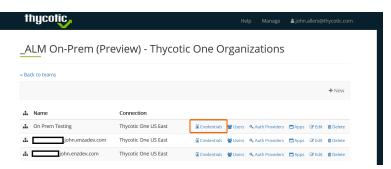
- a. The Name of the organization.
- b. The Thycotic One Connection Region.
- c. The lockout attempt count. This will determine the number of failed logins before a user is locked out.
- d. The **minimum password strength**. This will determine the complexity of passwords that users must use for logging in.
- e. The **Two-Factor Login Policies**. Leaving the drop-downs at **No Preference** will allow users to choose their two-factor method.



5. Once your configuration is complete, click **Save**.

#### **Configure OIDC Credentials**

1. On the organizations page, click Credentials next to the organization you created.



- 2. Click +New.
- 3. Complete the Organization Credential form:

- a. Give the credential a name.
- b. The Post-Login redirect URIs should be: https://YOUR\_ALM\_DOMAIN/signin-oidc
- c. The Post-Logout Redirect URIs should be: https://YOUR\_ALM\_DOMAIN/signout-callback-oidc

Note: Be sure to save the Endpoint, Client Id, and Client Secret. You will need these values when performing ALM Self-Hosted setup.

thycotic,	Help Man	age 🔒 john.allers@thycotic.com
, in the second s	Organization Credential	×
On Prem Te	Name	
	john.enzadev.com	
« Back to organizations	Post-Login Redirect URIs	+
	https://john.enzadev.com/signin-oidc	1 + New
Name	Post-Logout Redirect URIs	•
	https://john.enzadev.com/signout-callback-oidc	
	Credentials	
	These credentials must be added to your application (for example, Secret Server) to connect to Thycotic One.	
	Endpoint	
	https://login.thycotic.com/	
	Client Id	
	a3e25d21	0
	Client Secret	
	38f43ec378f851085244971a4ab8740ea17f98c5e7f5ci742c7348b957ec65536	
	Make a note of this value, as it cannot be retrieved once it is saved.	
Cloud Mana		
	🖹 Save 🗶 Ca	ncel
Thycotic		
<ul> <li>Home Page</li> </ul>	Support	

- d. Click Save.
- 4. OpenID Connect configuration for Thycotic One is now complete and ready for use with ALM.

### Installation

Create a directory to store the ALM data.

mkdir ~/alm

**Note:** This directory will contain configuration files for ALM. Permissions should be set to only necessary users. (e.g. the account that installed ALM, an account used for running backups, etc.)

#### Change to that directory.

cd ~/alm

#### Download and Install the Script:

```
curl https://alc-cdn01.azureedge.net/scripts/alm.sh -o alm.sh && chmod +x alm.sh && ./alm.sh
install
```

#### Domain name

What domain name will users use to access ALM?

To use LetsEncrypt, you'll need a domain name that points to your public IP, and ports 80 and 443 forwarded from your router to the local IP of the machine that is running ALM.

#### **SSL/TLS Configuration**

```
--- SSL/TLS Configuration ---
ALM requires a SSL/TLS certificate to ensure that all web communication is secure.
```

ALM can be configured to use LetsEncrypt to automatically create and manage the certificate. Or you may provide your own.

Would you like to use LetsEncrypt to generate an SSL/TLS certificate for docker.enzadev.com? [y/n]:

y will pull the certbot container and attempt to get a certificate for the domain entered in the previous step. The acquired certificates will be under ./almdata/letsencrypt

n will wait for you to copy the certificate (named <DOMAIN>.crt, *e.g.*example.alm.com.crt) and private key (named <DOMAIN>.key, *e.g.*example.alm.com.key) to the same folder as the install script. It will move them to the ./almdata/ssl directory as part of the install.

### **Database Configuration**

--- Database Configuration ---ALM needs to set up a SQL Server database to store its data. You can use your own SQL Server instance to host the database, or you may choose to have a SQL Server Express instance set up automatically as a container.

Do you want to automatically set up your database in a SQL Express container? [y/n]:

y will generate credentials and move on to the next step

n will prompt you for the connection info for SQL Server.

```
Enter the connection info for your SQL Server:
Server:
Database:
User ID:
Password:
```

#### Admin User

--- Admin User ---ALM requires at least one admin user. We will configure the first admin user as part of the installation process. This admin user will also receive email alerts regarding LetsEncrypt certificate expirations. Initial User Display Name: Initial User Email:

These are the values that will be used for the initial admin account. Make sure you use an account that can log into the OIDC instance below.

#### Authentication Configuration

```
--- Authentication Configuration ---
ALM requires an OpenID Connect (OIDC) provider for user authentication. Please provide
the credentials to your preferred OIDC provider.
OIDC Authority URL:
OIDC Client ID:
OIDC Client Secret:
```

Note: The domain you use will need to be configured as a reply url in whatever OIDC provider you use, or you will get an "invalid reply url" error when you try to log in.

### **Email Configuration**

```
--- Email Configuration ---
ALM uses SMTP to send email notifications to users. Please provide the SMTP credentials
to your preferred provider.
Server:
Port:
Use SSL?:
Use Credentials?:
(If yes, then:)
Domain:
User Name:
Password:
```

Note: Use these settings to connect to an SMTP server. These do not need to be valid to complete the install.

### **Finishing Setup and Adding Licenses**

Once the setup is complete, browse to your ALM instance using the chosen domain name.

When running in Self Hosted mode, ALM requires license keys to add more than one user and one ALM Engine.

#### Navigate to Licensing page

- 1. Open Administration > Configuration in the left navigation menu
- 2. Click the License tab
- 3. Enter the license Name and Key

Note: Users and engines are licensed separately, so two licenses will need to be entered.

4. Once this step setup is complete, you will now have ability to add multiple users and ALM Engines depending on the allowances of the license.

# **Understanding ALM Objects**

ALM relies on four objects to govern Service Accounts: Users, Roles, Groups, and Workflow Templates.

### Users

An ALM User object is a proxy for either a User account or a service account that is stored in Active Directory.

- When the ALM User object is a proxy for an Active Directory User account, you will perform ALM operations on the ALM proxy purely to control what a person authenticated as that AD User account can do within ALM.
- When the ALM User object is a proxy for an Active Directory service account, you will perform ALM operations on the ALM proxy to deliver lifecycle management of the proxied AD service account.

- When you use ALM to create an ALM User object as a proxy for an Active Directory service account that does not yet exist in Active Directory, ALM will create the service account in Active Directory.
- After this initial creation of a service account in Active Directory, ALM operations performed on ALM proxies for AD accounts usually do not directly affect the AD accounts as stored in Active Directory, although there are obvious exceptions such as when an account is disabled.

## Roles

An ALM Role defines the privileges that the User has in ALM and the tasks that the User can perform.

• ALM Roles have **nothing to do** with Active Directory Roles and should not be confused with them.

Delinea provisions ALM with several Roles already set up–Account Owner, Requester, Approver, and System Administrator–and for most organizations these will suffice for initial operations.

### Account Owner

All users automatically have the Account Owner Role. The Account Owner Role is also fixed to the built-in Everyone Group that contains all users in ALM.

This Role provides entry level features and permissions sufficient for a User to read and update managed accounts assigned to them.

### Requestor

Users with the Requestor Role can request the provisioning of new service accounts. Requestors begin each Request by selecting a Workflow Template which determines the lifecycle of the account and the approval process.

### Approver

ALM delivers Requests to Approvers according to the workflow and approval steps specified by the template. An Approver receives notices of account Requests and approves or denies each Request according to the chosen workflow. Some workflows will require multiple Approvers.

On approval, ALM provisions the account and designates the Requestor as the first owner.

### System Administrator

This Role holds all privileges. Organizations use this all-powerful Role to perform initial customer configurations of Account Lifecycle Manager. A System Administrator can provision Users, integrate ALM with external systems, set up ALM Engines, and create Workflow Templates.

Because the System Administrator Role is so highly privileged, its use carries risk of accidental macro-scale changes to your ALM configuration. As a best practice, use the System Administrator Role only for tasks that require its privileges, and when done with those tasks, log out and resume use of less privileged Roles.

### **Custom Roles**

Once familiar with ALM, you may decide to use the <u>Custom Roles</u> feature to create Roles that support specific business needs.

Example: A custom Auditor Role configured with privileges required to view ALM's Audit Logs but otherwise lacking the full range of privileges given to a System Administrator.

## Groups

An ALM **Group** object defines Groups of ALM User objects that have something in common with each other, such as access to a resource.

• ALM Groups have **nothing to do** with Active Directory Groups and should not be confused with them.

## Workflow Templates

An ALM Workflow Template defines a workflow applicable to Requests made in ALM for provisioning in Active Directory of a service account of a particular type.

- The Workflow Template defines the information that must be provided with the Request, the approval steps that must be completed for the Request to be granted, and who has approval authority at each step.
- Requests for some kinds of service accounts may require just one step, approved by only one person. Requests
  for other kinds of service accounts may require multiple steps and Approvals by more than one person at some
  or all of the approval steps.
- Workflow templates also control the selection of BEOL (before end of lifecycle) and AEOL (at end of lifecycle) Notifications ALM sends, when it sends them, and to whom, plus what options the Notifications will offer for managing the service account.

## **Custom Roles**

ALM System Administrators can create Custom Roles. To define Custom Roles, you review a list of ALM features paired with the permissions potentially applicable to each feature.

- Roles differ from one another in the specific permissions assigned to them in relation to each ALM feature.
- A Custom Role is a Role you create to meet your specific business needs when the built-in Roles will not suffice.

Once you have set the per-feature permissions for a Role, you add Users or Groups (or both) to the Role, thereby granting the Role's permissions to those Users, and to Users who belong to those Groups.

As with the built-in Roles, you can:

- edit the name of the Custom Role
- enable or disable the Custom Role
- enable or disable automatic addition of new Users to the Custom Role
- add or remove Users from the Custom Role
- add or remove Groups from the Custom Role

### Permissions

Permissions control what actions Users can take within ALM. Distinct permissions within ALM include:

Create allows creation of the object for which you grant the permission

Read allows passive use of a feature, such as to read (view) a list of objects or view an object's details

Update: allows changes to the object for which you grant the permission, for example, update a Managed Account

Delete: allows a User to delete the object for which you grant the permission

**Manage**: gives additional, administrative access to the object to which it applies, for which the User must already have non-administrative privileges

 As an example, Users with Manage permission on Managed Account feature would give access to all the Managed Accounts.

### Features to Which Permissions Apply

In defining a Custom Role, you specify the permissions the Custom Role holds in relation to specific ALM features. The features subject to access control via permissions include:

**API Token**: Access to the API Token feature allows a User to view, create, and manage API Tokens. These enable the User to obtain Bearer tokens, required by ALM for further processing.

Audit: ALM logs most events, including User actions, system events, and remote worker activity. Audit permissions allow a User to view these logs.

Configuration: A User with Configuration permissions can define the System Administrator's email address.

**Directory-Service**: With Directory Service permissions, a User can configure ALM's integration with the organization's directory services provider–its **External Domain**:

- Presently ALM supports only one External Domain, that being Active Directory.
- For Active Directory, additional settings include AD Groups, Users, Group Mappings, and OUs.

**Email Notification**: ALM provides several broadly applicable Email Notification Categories. Email Notifications inform Users and Groups of Users about events affecting objects with which they have a connection–for example, the User is named in the governing Workflow Template as the Approver for a step in the workflow.

**Group**: Groups are collections of Users. You use Groups to more efficiently apply the same management activities to more than one User at once. You can assign Groups to Approval Steps just as you would an individual User; likewise, you can assign Account Ownership to a Group.

Managed Account: A Managed Account is an AD Service Account created and managed through ALM.

Note: Read permission provides visibility to only accounts owned by the User. The Manage permission provides visibility of all managed accounts. In order to see all accounts the Read and Manage permission must be applied to the same Custom Role.

**Provision Template**: With Provision Template permissions, Users can create Workflow Templates to govern the approval process for AD service accounts.

**Provision Template Workflow**: Provision Template Workflow permissions allow a User to set a Workflow Template's Approval Steps. Setting Approval Steps involves designating which Users and Groups must approve the provisioning of a requested service account, and in what order—the workflow.

**Provision Approval**: To be designated as an Approver for Approval Steps set in a Workflow Template, a User must have permissions for Provision Approval. This gives access to ALM's Approvals section, which lists Requests waiting for an Approver's review and gives access to all Request details.

**ALM Engine**: A User must have ALM Engine permissions to download the installer for the ALM Engine Windows Service. This permission also enables the User to view in ALM the list of installed ALM Engines and assign ALM Engines to ALM Engine Pools.

**Role**: The Roles permission enables a User to create Custom Roles and assign Users to them. It also allows the User to add Users to the standard Account Owner, Requester, Approver, and System Administrator Roles.

**User**: Users with permissions to the User feature can add, remove, or update User accounts, including to designate whether a User is an Approver or Requester.

**Vault**: With Vault permissions, a User can configure and manage ALM's connection to your organization's Delinea Secret Server.

**Webhook**: Webhooks provide a framework for connecting ALM to external services. With Webhooks permissions, a User can create custom webhooks.

The Example Custom Roles Setup article details permissions for a broadly useful Custom Roles setup.

## Example Custom Roles Setup

**Table:** Permissions for an Example Custom Roles Setup

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
provision- request	access to Account Requests	Provision	Provision	Provision	visibility and access to all Requests (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	same as for Delete
		Provision States	Provision State			
		Provision Tags				
		access to Request area in UI				

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
managed- account	access to Managed Accounts (accounts provisioned through the product)	Managed Accounts	Managed Accounts	Managed Accounts	visibility and access to all Managed Accounts (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	same as for Delete
		access to Managed Accounts area in UI				
provision- approval	access to Request Approvals	Provision Approval	Provision Approval	Provision Approval	visibility and access to all Approvals (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	same as for Delete
		access to Approval area in UI				
provision- template	access to Account Templates	Template	Template	Template	access to Template Workflow area in UI	same as for Delete
					allows Approval of Template Workflows	

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
provision- template- workflow	access to Account Template Workflows	Template Workflow	Template Workflow	Template Workflow	access to Template Workflow area in UI	same as for Delete
					allows Approval of Templates	
group	access to Groups	Groups	Groups	Groups	access to Groups area in UI	same as for Delete
					manage Group Users (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
					manage Group Roles (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
user	access to Users	Users	Users	Users	access to Users area in UI	same as for Delete
		User Emails	User Emails	User Emails	Trigger verification email	

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
					manage User Groups (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
					manage User Roles (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
role	access to Roles	Roles	Roles	Roles	access to Roles area in UI	same as for Delete
		Role Permissions	Role Permissions	Role Permissions	manage Role Permissions (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
					manage Role Users (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
					manage Role Groups (used in conjunction with Read, Create, Update, Delete permissions)	
alm-engine	access to ALM Engines	ALM Engine	ALM Engine	ALM Engine	access to ALM Engine area in UI	same as for Delete
		ALM Engine Pools	ALM Engine Pools	ALM Engine Pools	test connectivity to ALM Engines and Pools	
audit	access to Audits	Audits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
		access to Audits area in UI				
directory- service	access to all things related to LDAP/AD/Director y Services	External Domain	same as for Read	same as for Read	access to Directory Services areas in UI	same as for Delete
		External Groups				
		External Users				
		External User Group Mapping				
		External OUs				

Features	Description	Read	Create	Update	Delete	Manage
vault	access to Vaults	Integrations (Secret Server)	Integrations (Secret Server)	Integrations (Secret Server)	access to Integrations area in UI	same as for Delete
		Integration Templates				
api-token	access to API Tokens	(on to t des and ena		API Tokens (only updates to the description and enable/disabl e allowed)	API Tokens	n/a
configuration	access to system configuration settings	n/a	Configuration	Configuration	Configuration	n/a
	settings currently available:					
	AdminEmail - (For SAP) Email address for the Send Feedback link					
email- notification	access to Email Notification Templates	Email Notification	n/a	Email Notification	n/a	n/a
webhook	access to Webhooks	Webhooks	Webhooks	Webhooks	Webhooks	n/a

## **Events, Notifications, and Recipients**

To request that a new AD service account be provisioned, a Requester selects the Workflow Template applicable to the type of service account being requested, provides the information required by that Workflow Template, and submits the Request.

From there, the Request must pass through each of the Approval Steps specified by the Workflow Template. As this happens, ALM keeps process participants informed by sending Notifications. If the Request wins approval, the service account will be provisioned.

Provisioning marks the beginning of the account's lifecycle–the period of time it remains active, during which it will be tracked according to the specifications in the Workflow Template against which it was provisioned.

For example, the template might specify that the account should expire in one year; or, that it requires renewal after six months. ALM sends notifications timed in relation to these settings—if an account requires renewal at six months, ALM notifies the account owner in advance of the six-month mark. Within ALM, the account owner has the option to approve or deny account renewal.

ALM provides for varied and strongly granular lifecycle event tracking and notification activities, as in the following table.

Object	Event	Description	Email Notification Recipients
Template	Workflow needs approval	The template's workflow needs approval.	System Administrators
	Published	A template has been published.	None, by default; Allow for System Administrators
	Unpublished	A template has been unpublished	None, by default; Allow for System Administrators
	De-activated	A template has been de-activated.	None, by default; Allow for System Administrators
<b>D</b>			
Request	Submitted	A Requester asks that an account be provisioned.	None
	Step requires approval	Kick off a step of approval	Approvers for step
	Approved	All the approval steps have been approved	Requester
	Rejected		Requester
	Queued for provisioning		None
	Provisioned		Requester
	Provisioning failed		Requester

Table: Account Lifecycle Manager Events, Notifications, and Recipients

Object	Event	Description	Email Notification Recipients
Managed Account	Ownership Changed		Account Owners
	Requires Renewal		Account Owners

Tip: Closely related to these notifications, ALM <u>At End of Lifecycle Actions (EOLAs)</u> define the actions Account Owners can take when an account expires, for example, they can renew the account. Similarly, **BEOLs** refers to Before End of Lifecycle Actions, the steps Account Owners can take when an account nears its expiration date.

## At End of Lifecycle (AEOL) Actions

Account Lifecycle Manager allows a System Administrator to define in a Workflow Template the At End of Lifecycle actions (AEOLs) that will apply to accounts provisioned against that Workflow Template. The Template also controls the schedule and pacing of Notifications to be sent by ALM as the End of Lifecycle date approaches, and the parties who will receive the Notifications.

When an account comes up for review at or near the end of its lifecycle, ALM sends Notifications to the Users or Groups designated in the Workflow Template and as scheduled in that Template.

The actions ALM allows reviewers to take correspond to the At End of Lifecycle actions specified by the Workflow Template. These may include:

- Review
- Disable
- Expire
- Delete

### Review

An account provisioned with an AEOL action of Review will not be curtailed in any way with passage of the End of Lifecycle date. The Review action serves simply to document a User's acknowledgement that the account remains necessary.

Reviewers of an account that has Review as the AEOL action have three choices:

Renew

Before the Renewal Date set in the applicable Workflow Template, the **Renew** option is unavailable. Beginning on the Renewal Date, the Renew option is available.

Selecting Renew extends the account's lifecycle until the next Review, based on the Review Interval set in the Workflow Template. The renewal period will start at UTC 00:00. On renewal of the Account, the Renew option will become unavailable until the next review date.

Disable

The **Disable** option will disable the account in ALM **and** in Active Directory. Once selected, this option is replaced by a choice to **Enable**, allowing the User to re-enable the account as needed.

Delete Account and Secret

The **Delete Account and Secret** option will delete the account and any associated secrets. Selecting this option requires the User to confirm (or cancel) the action.

### Disable

An account provisioned with an AEOL action of **Disable** will be disabled in Active Directory at the End of Lifecycle, unless the Account Owner Renews the account prior to the End of Lifecycle date.

Reviewers of an account that has Disable as the AEOL action have three choices:

Renew

Before the Renewal Date set in the applicable Workflow Template, the **Renew** option is unavailable. Beginning on the Renewal Date, the Renew options is available.

Selecting Renew will extend the account's lifecycle until the next Review, based on the Review Interval set in the Workflow Template. The renewal period will start at UTC 00:00. On renewal of the account, the Renew option will again be unavailable until the next Review Date.

Disable

The **Disable** option will disable the account in ALM **and** in Active Directory. Once selected, this option is replaced by a choice to **Enable**, allowing the User to re-enable the account as needed.

Delete Account and Secret

The **Delete Account and Secret** option will delete the account and any associated secrets. Selecting this option requires the User to confirm (or cancel) the action.

### Expire

For an account provisioned with an AEOL action of **Expire**, ALM sets the Expiration Date in Active Directory such that AD will disable the account at the End of Lifecycle date unless the Account Owner renews the account prior to that date.

Accordingly, the first option likely to become available to the Account Owner who will review the Account is the option to **Submit for Approval to Renew**, offered by a Notification sometime in advance of the End of Lifecycle date so that the Account can be renewed before it would otherwise expire.

- A System Administrator who configures a Workflow Template with Expire as the End of Lifecycle Action must decide how far in advance of the End of Lifecycle date to set the Renewal Date, bearing in mind that the Approval to Renew process duplicates the entire original approval process.
- The Renewal Date set by the Administrator controls the timing of initial Notifications to the Account Owner.

Account Owners reviewing an account that has Expire as the AEOL action have three choices:

Submit for Approval to Renew

Before the Renewal Date set in the applicable Workflow Template, this choice will not be available. Beginning on the Renewal Date, this action is available to the Account Owner.

Choosing to renew initiates the Approval Steps specified in the associated Workflow Template and replaces the selection to *Submit for Approval to Renew* with an *Approvals in Process* notation.

- If Approval is denied, the notation switches back to Submit for Approval to Renew and remains that way until and after the Account expires.
- If the Approval is granted, the *Approvals in Process* notation is removed, and the account is renewed for the renewal period defined at UTC 00:00. The Submit for Approval to Renew option remains unavailable until the next Renewal Date.
- Disable

The **Disable** option will disable the account in ALM **and** in Active Directory. Once selected, this option is replaced by a choice to **Enable**, allowing the User to re-enable the account as needed.

Delete Account and Secret

The **Delete Account and Secret** option will delete the account and any associated secrets. Selecting this option requires the User to confirm (or cancel) the action.

### Delete

An account provisioned with an AEOL action of **Delete** will be disabled (not actually deleted) at the End of Lifecycle date, unless the Account Owner renews the account prior to that date.

Reviewers of an account that has Delete as the AEOL action have three (sometimes four) choices:

Disable

The **Disable** option will disable the account in ALM **and** in Active Directory. Once selected, this option is replaced by a choice to **Enable**, allowing the User to re-enable the account as needed.

Delete Account and Secret

The **Delete Account and Secret** option will delete the account and any associated secrets. Selecting this option requires the User to confirm (or cancel) the action.

Clone As New Request

Option for bringing a Deleted account back online and active. Performing this option generates a new Request that goes through the Approval process in accordance with the Workflow Template the account was provisioned against.

See the <u>End-of-Lifecycle Account Disposition Logic</u> article for details on the logic of options availability vs. account status and review actions.

## ALM End-of-Lifecycle Account Disposition Logic for Option Availability, Account Status, and User Review Actions

 Table: ALM End-of-Lifecycle Account Disposition Logic

S. No.	Options to be Availabl e	Review BEOL	Review AEOL	Disable BEOL	Disable AEOL	Delete BEOL	Delete AEOL	Expire BEOL	Expire AEOL
1	Renew	nonfunction al or Yes (based on the Notifications set in the Workflow Template)	Yes	Yes (based on the Notification s set in the Workflow Template)	Yes				
2	Disable	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		Yes	
3	Enable				Yes				
4	Delete Account & Secret	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes
5	Submit for Approval to Renew							Yes (based on the Notification s set in the Workflow Template)	Yes
6	Clone as New Request	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

## Account Status when EOL Reached Systematically

S. No.	Account Status	Review BEOL	Review AEOL	Disable BEOL	Disable AEOL	Delete BEOL	Delete AEOL	Expire BEOL	Expire AEOL
1	Active	Yes	Yes	Yes		Yes		Yes	
2	Disabled				Yes				
3	Deleted						Yes		
4	Expired								Yes

S.	Account	Review	Review	Disable	Disable	Delete	Delete	Expire	Expire
No.	Status	BEOL	AEOL	BEOL	AEOL	BEOL	AEOL	BEOL	AEOL
5	Renewing						applies on use of the Clone as New Request option		applies on use of the Submit for Approval to Renew option

## **User Actions on Review EOL**

S. No.	options to be Displayed	Review BEOL	Account Status	Review AEOL	Account Status
1	Renew	<ul> <li>a. unavailable</li> <li>b. Yes (based on the Notifications set in the Workflow Template)</li> </ul>	Active	Enabled	Active
2	Disable	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, makes</li> <li>Enable option available</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the <b>Disable</b> option changes the Status to Disabled</li> <li>c. using the <b>Enable</b> option changes the Status to Active</li> </ul>	a. Yes b. on use, enables the <b>Enable</b> option	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the <i>_Enable</i> or <b>Renew</b> option changes the Status to Active</li> <li>c. using the <b>Enable</b> option changes the Status to Active</li> </ul>
3	Delete Account & Secret	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, requires</li> <li>Clone as New</li> <li>Request option to reinstate account</li> </ul>	a. Active	a. Yes	a. Active

## User Actions on Disable EOL

S. No.	options to be Displayed	Review BEOL	Account Status	Review AEOL	Account Status
1	Renew	unavailable	Active	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, updates EOL based on lifecycle duration and makes option unavailable</li> </ul>	Active
2	Disable	<ul> <li>a. unavailable</li> <li>b. Yes (based on the Notifications set in the Workflow Template)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the <b>Disable</b> option changes the Status to Disabled</li> </ul>	No	
3	Delete Account & Secret	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, enables the Clone as New Request option to reinstate account</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the Delete Account &amp; Secret option changes the status to Deleted</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, requires</li> <li>Clone as New</li> <li>Request option to reinstate account</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the Delete Account &amp; Secret option changes the status to Deleted</li> </ul>

## User Actions on Delete EOL

S. No.	options to be Displayed	Review BEOL	Account Status	Review AEOL	Account Status
1	Disable	a. Yes b. on use, enables the <b>Enable</b> option	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the <b>Disable</b> option changes the Status to Disabled</li> <li>c. using the <b>Enable</b> option changes the Status to Active</li> </ul>	No	Deleted
2	Delete Account & Secret	on use, enables the Clone as New Request option	<ul> <li>a. Deleted</li> <li>b. using the Delete</li> <li>Account &amp; Secret option changes the Status to Deleted</li> </ul>	No	Deleted
3	Clone as New Request			Yes	<ul> <li>a. Deleted</li> <li>b. Using the Clone as New Request generates a new Request for Approval in a Submitted Status</li> <li>c. No other requests with the same name on the same domain can be submitted until the submitted request is rejected or the account created from an approved request is deleted.</li> </ul>

### **User Actions on Expire EOL**

S. No.	options to be Displayed	Review BEOL	Account Status	Review AEOL	Account Status
1	Disable	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, enables the Enable option</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the <b>Disable</b> option changes the Status to Disabled</li> <li>c. using the <b>Enable</b> option changes the Status to Active</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>a. Yes</li> <li>b. on use, enables the Enable option</li> </ul>	Expired
2	Delete Account & Secret	Yes	<ul> <li>a. Active</li> <li>b. using the Delete Account &amp; Secret option changes the Status to Deleted</li> </ul>	No	Expired
3	Submit for Approval to Renew			Yes	<ul> <li>a. Expired</li> <li>b. using the Submit for Approval to Renew option changes the Status to Renewing</li> <li>c. on provisioning of the account, the Status changes to Active</li> </ul>

## **AD Account Expiration Dates**

When working with account expiration dates in Active Directory, you may notice that Active Directory accounts do not always expire when it seems they should. This issue, which is external to ALM, traces back to a purely abstract linguistics problem that has confounded the software industry from its earliest days.

In the case of Active Directory, the problem shows up in the convoluted relationship between Active Directory's **Account expires** entry (on the Account tab of AD's Account Properties dialog) and its **accountExpires** attribute (visible on the Attribute Editor tab).

#### **Understanding ALM Objects**

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				$\sim$
Jser logon name (pre-	Windows 2000	D):		
ENZADEV\		oneday-1		
Logon Hours	Log On To	D		
Unlock account				
Account options:				
User must chang		t next langen		^
User must chang				
Password never				
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End of:	Sunday ,	June 30, 2019		
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In a typical environment, Account expires and accountExpires may appear to be out of sync. As an example, in the illustration above The Account expires entry indicates that the account should expire at the "End of" the day entered on the Account tab, while accountExpires shows the account expiring at 8:00 PM the following day.

## Computing's Midnight Conundrum

As a representation of time, the word "midnight" denotes the instant marking the end of one day and the beginning of the next. Conceptually, an instant has a duration of zero, but our time keeping systems depend on units defined as intervals of time: seconds, minutes, and hours.

- We can tidily represent the instant that **begins** a new day as 00:00, or more traditionally, as 12:00 AM, but we have no similarly tidy way to represent the instant that **ends** a day.
- The time of 11:59:59 leaves one second on the clock, so it cannot be used to denote the end of a day. Using 12:00 to denote the end of the day and 00:00 to denote the beginning would be sensible, but culture is not always sensible; by tradition, 12:00 belongs to the new day it begins, hence the notation 12:00 AM.

This leaves no commonly recognized way for software to symbolically represent the instant ("the time of day") that marks the end of a day. With no other option, Active Directory encodes the "End of" day entry as 12:00 AM the next

day. While logically equivalent to the end of the day, by formal definition 12:00 AM is no part of the day just ended; it is part of the morning of the day just beginning. If you set the "End of" day entry to a Wednesday, the time value recorded, when strictly interpreted, evaluates as Thursday.

In Active Directory, the **accountExpires** attribute is defined as 12:00 AM UTC of the day **after** the **last full day** that the account was active. When Active Directory applies this definition to the incorrect, already-one-day-forward entry in the **Account expires** field, it kicks the value of the **accountExpires** attribute out 24 hours past what would be correct. Finally, in rendering that 12:00 AM UTC value in the UI, Active Directory considers the local time zone.

In the illustrated example, it works out like this:

- The Account expires field's "End of" day entry shows June 30. For want of a way to denote the last instant of June 30, this records as 12:00 AM UTC July 1.
- The accountExpires attribute, being defined as 12:00 AM UTC of the day after the last full day the account was active, accordingly calculates to 12:00 AM UTC July 2.
- In displaying 12:00 AM UTC July 2 as the accountExpires attribute value, Active Directory adjusts for the time zone context; in the example, with the context being Eastern Daylight Time, this works out to 8:00 PM July 1.

In the final outcome, the entries do not align, creating a substantial time window for an account to remain active beyond the end of the day it is supposed to expire.

Efforts by Microsoft to fix this issue face challenges having nothing to do with the technical aspects, such as the imperative to remain interoperable with the world's installed base of software, and the risk that by correcting a problem you will break all the workarounds to the problem, causing widespread problems for your customers and other software vendors. For these and many other reasons, peculiarities related to account expiration persist in Active Directory.

If you would like to learn more about this longstanding, solutions-resistant issue, visit Richard Mueller's classic treatment of the topic:

#### Account Expiration Article by Richard Mueller

## ALM Storage of Dates

Dates and times at rest in the cloud (that is, in ALM storage) are UTC time.

When you work within the ALM UI, ALM handles the interpretation of UTC to local time for display in the ALM UI, and back to UTC for storage when you update a date and time via the ALM UI.

If you should happen to work directly with the API, note that a call that returns a date and time will return it in UTC.

Likewise, when working directly with the API, any date and time information you provide should be in UTC.

# Using ALM

Once you have installed the <u>ALM engine</u> and integrated with both Secret Server and Active Directory, you are ready to begin using ALM. Refer to Navigating ALM.

The selections on the left navigation panel access the following functionality that governs the discovery, provisioning and decommissioning of accounts:

Note: Certain features (as noted in the documentation) are only available when the appropriate permissions are configured for the user account.

- Home provides the view of existing accounts and allows management of accounts and account requests.
- <u>Workflow</u> accesses functionality for creating and managing workflows for the management of accounts.
- <u>Integrations</u> after initial setup, provides tools for configuring or modifying Domains and Pools, Engines, and Vaults.
- <u>Personnel</u> will walk you through creating users, groups, and workflows in ALM.
- <u>Audits</u> provides insights into user activity and Engine Logs.
- Alerts can be configured for email templates, webhooks, and webhook authorization
- <u>API</u> accesses API documentation and allows for the creation of API tokens.

Account Lifecycle Manager				
Home Home	Home			
L Alerts	home			
Workflows	Managed Requests Approvals			
Integrations	Discover, Migrate and Manage the life cycle of y	our Service Accounts.	Migrate	Accounts Discover Accounts
Personnel ~	🞛 🌐 292 items Search	<b>Y</b> Filters		Start Bulk Renew
🗹 Audit 🗸 🗸	aaalamAKV5	almdsvtest3	× aws665	
<> API ~	Status: Deleted Review	Status: Deleted	Review Status: Delet	
🛆 Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	End of Life Action: Delete 09/21/2021	End of Life Action: Review	08/19/2021 End of Life Act	ion: Review 11/20/2021
II Reports	aad543644	almdsvtest4	~ awscheck09	· ~
Configuration	Status: Deleted Review	Status: Active	Review Status: Activ	e Review
Delinea	End of Life Action: Delete 10/21/2021	End of Life Action: Review	02/07/2022 End of Life Act	ion: Review 10/20/2021

## Navigating ALM

Account Lifecycle Manager provides a user interface (UI) for discovering, provisioning, and decommissioning user accounts.

The ALM UI has been refreshed with a new design and navigation to enhance user experience. Learn more about the Delinea experience here.

### Using ALM

Account Lifecycle Manager		Viewing Modes	User	User Profile 🛛 —— 🙆		
Home		Home /			Alerts 🔳	
Q Alerts		Managed Requests Approvals				
Workflows		Managed Requests Approvars				
Integrations		Discover, Migrate and Manage the life cycle of y	our Service Accounts.	Migrate Account	Discover Accounts	
Personnel	~	289 items Search	<b>V</b> Filters		Start Bulk Renew	
🗹 Audit	~	aaalamAKV5	•	apparel34203	•	
<> API	~	Status: Deleted	Review	Status: Deleted	Review	
▲ Alert Settings	~	End of Life Action: Delete	09/21/2021	End of Life Action: Delete	11/17/2021	
		aad543644	~	aws536@alm1.dev.thycotic.com	~	
		Status: Deleted	Review	Status: DeletingSecretFailed	Review	
		End of Life Action: Delete	10/21/2021	End of Life Action: Delete	10/21/2021	
		aad567@alm1.dev.thycotic.com	~	aws665	~	
		Status: RenewSubmitted	Review	Status: Deleted	Review	
Delinea	<	End of Life Action: Disable	10/21/2021	End of Life Action: Review	11/20/2021	

The UI consists of the following functional areas:

- Left Navigation Panel provides a fixed reference for accessing DSV functionality. Click Administration to mange DSV users, user groups, and roles. Secrets are managed in either a Shared Vault (team access) or a Home Vault (private access).
- Content Container this main central area of the page updates with details for the selected feature. When applicable, certain pages allow the view to toggle between card and list mode. Click the Viewing Mode icons to toggle between these modes.
- User Profile accesses general information for your user that includes assigned groups and roles, a link to ALM documentation, and logout.
- Alerts Click the Alert icon to alternately open and close the Alerts panel.

### Customizing the UI

To adjust the look and feel of the UI:

Click your User Profile. Selections for theme appear as **Toggle Theme to Dark**, **Toggle Theme to Light**, or **Toggle Theme to OS**. Click an option to toggle between light and dark modes, or default to the current OS settings for Windows clients.

Note: If Toggle Theme to OS is selected, the UI will follow the Windows selection made in Settings > Personalization > Colors.

# **Accounts Home**

Click **Home** to view the Managed Accounts, requests for Managed Accounts, and their approval status in the application. The tabs on the **Home** page, access the following areas of functionality for Managed Accounts: **Accounts**, **Requests**, and **Approvals**.

Account Lifecycle Manager	0
Home	Home
L Alerts	home
Workflows	Managed Requests Approvals
Integrations	Discover, Migrate and Manage the life cycle of your Service Accounts.           Migrate Accounts         Discover Accounts
Personnel	Y B  € 292 Items Second Vites Start Bulk Renew
🗹 Audit	v aaalamAKV5 v amtsvtet3 v avs665 v
<> API	*         Status: Deleted         Review         Status: D
Alert Settings	End of Life Action: Delete 09/21/2021     End of Life Action: Review 08/19/2021     End of Life Action: Review 11/20/2021
II Reports	aad543644
🚱 Configuration	Status:         Deleted         Review         Status:         Active         Review           End of Life Action:         Delete         10/21/2021         End of Life Action:         Review         20/07/2022         End of Life Action:         Review
Delinea	

Account features on the Home page include:

- Account Discovery, where administrators can import accounts using predefined workflow templates
- <u>Account Migration</u>, where administrators can move existing accounts to different workflow templates or between different versions of a template
- Bulk Renew, that allows updating of Managed Accounts that are within their review period

The tabs on the Home page include:

- Managed viewing and cloning existing Managed Accounts
- **Requests** provisioning of accounts and management of existing provisioned accounts
- Approval process for management of pending service account provisioning Requests

# Viewing and Cloning Accounts

Accounts are used to run all services across your network. ALM helps to managed those accounts.

Click Home in the left navigation bar to view all accounts currently managed by ALM.

Account Lifecycle Manager	0
Home	Home
Q Alerts	
Workflows	Managed Requests Approvals
Integrations	Discover, Migrate and Manage the life cycle of your Service Accounts.           Migrate Accounts         Discover Accounts
Personnel ~	B 🗄 292 items Start Bulk Renew
🗹 Audit 🗸 🗸	aaalamAKV5 v almdevteet3 v avv565 v
<> API ~	Status: Deleted Review Status: Deleted Review Status: Deleted Review
🛆 Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	End of Life Action: Delete 09/21/2021 End of Life Action: Review 08/19/2021 End of Life Action: Review 11/20/2021
II Reports	aad543644 × aimdsvtest4 × awscheck099 ×
🚱 Configuration	Status:         Deleted         Review         Status:         Active         Review         Status:         Active         Review           End of Life Action:         Deleted         10/21/2021         End of Life Action:         Review         02/07/2022         End of Life Action:         Review         10/20/2021
Delinea	

## Viewing the Account Summary

Managed accounts can be viewed as cards or viewed as a list, using the Viewing Mode icons. When viewing a card, click the down arrow on a card to expand the card and view its summary fields. When viewing an account in list mode, column headers represent summary fields.

The following summary fields are provided for each account.

Field	Description
Name	The title used to identify the account in the user interface.
Status	Indicates the state of an account. Status indicators that may appear include: <b>Deleted</b> , <b>Active</b> , <b>Expired</b> , or <b>Review Submitted</b> , as well as <b>Retrying</b> . Failure indicators that may appear may include account actions such as expiring, enabling, or when disabling has failed, as well as if a renewal was rejected.
Review	The date the account is eligible for review as defined on the Workflow Template. The default is 15 days prior to the end of lifecycle date (expiration on). See <u>End-of-Lifecycle Account</u> <u>Disposition Logic</u> .
End of Lifecycle Action	The disposition defined for the account at its end of lifecycle. See End-of-Lifecycle Account Disposition Logic.
Workflow	The name of the Workflow Template assigned to the account. Refer to <u>Building Workflow</u> <u>Templates</u> for information regarding Workflow Templates.
Expires	The date when the account reaches its end of lifecycle and will be moved to the disposition defined by the end of lifecycle action.
Life Duration	The length of time that the workflow is actionable.
Description	The purpose, objective, and any descriptors that identify the account.

### Viewing Account Details

In either Card mode or List mode, click the name of the account to access account details. The associated Account page is displayed.

The tabs on the Account page access the following details regarding the account:

Note: Certain fields in the account details are editable, indicated by an Edit link, when available.

- General
- Configuration
- Lifecycle
- Remote Account

- Management
- History

### **Cloning a New Account**

When viewing account details, the **Actions** drop-down provides a **Clone as a New Request** option. Click **Clone as a New Request** to automatically recreate a request for a new account using the metadata from the current account. Refer to Viewing and Creating Requests.

# **Discovering Accounts**

Using the **Account Discovery** wizard, administrators can import accounts using predefined workflow templates. Owners and attributes are specified during the discovery process. Administrators can specify attribute values to update in Active Directory/Azure AD or leave the values blank so they inherit the values present in Active Directory/Azure AD.

- 1. At the Home page, select the Managed tab. Then, click Discover Accounts.
- 2. Select Type & Domain.



- a. From the Account Type drop-down menu, choose from Active Directory, Azure Active Directory, or Group Managed Service Account.
- b. From the **Domain** drop-down menu, select the Domain accounts will be migrated from. Accounts cannot be migrated between domains.
- c. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.
- 3. Select Accounts.



a. Choose the accounts to be migrated by clicking the check box to the left of the account name, or enable the check box next to the Search bar to select all accounts.

Search	109 items	Search	<b>V</b> Filters			
<ul> <li>enzadev.thycotic.com</li> <li>Asia</li> <li>Australia</li> </ul>		SAM ACCOUNT_	DISTINGUISHED	ENABLED	MANAGED STATE	Ŧ
Bulk Users Computers	2	WebService3S	CN=WebServic	Yes		
DisabledUsers Domain Controllers	0	gastropub\$	CN=gastropub,	Yes		
<ul> <li>EU</li> <li>ForeignSecurityPrincipals</li> </ul>	O	UnitTest102\$	CN=UnitTest10	Yes		
Keys Managed Service Accounts		UnitTest103\$	CN=UnitTest10	Yes		
> Onboarding		UnitTest104\$	CN=UnitTest10	Yes		

b. Use the Search field to display all accounts that match the search criteria. Use the **Filter** drop-down to restrict the list of accounts to specific End of Lifecycle account types, Workflows, or accounts created on a

specific date.

- c. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.
- 4. Assign Workflow Template.



- a. Select the workflow, review interval, review date, and owners for the accounts being imported. Click Next.
- 5. Select Owners.



a. Next, assign owners for each account. You can set the owners for each individual account, or assign the same group of owners to all accounts.

WebService3S	3 items Search		Ado
0	NAME 🕈		Add Users Add Grou
	Administrator	Remove	
	Alex Z	Remove	
	Alex Kaluski	Remove	

b. Click Remove next to a user or group in the list to remove the user or group from the account.

To add a user or group, click Add and select either Add Users or Add Groups. When prompted, select the users or groups to add as owners and click Add.

a. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.

#### 6. Finalize.

		٥
Account Discovery		
Select Type & Domain Select Acco	unts 🔞 Assign Template 🥏 Select Owners 🌀 Finalize Ca	ncel Previous Complete
Finalize Review all the import information prior to confirming	the import of the selected accounts.	
Domain Name	enzadev.thycotic.com	
Template Name	AD SS Connector Test	
Review Interval	30x Days	
1 item		

a. Review the domain name, workflow template, review interval, lifecycle end date, accounts, and owners. Change information by clicking on the previous steps. Make sure to click **Next** on any updated fields. b. Once you have verified that the information is correct, click **Complete** to finalize the wizard and move the accounts.

# **Account Migration**

Using the **Account Migration Wizard**, administrators can move existing accounts to different workflow templates or between different versions of a template.

Migrating accounts from one workflow template to another may be desired when workflow templates have a version change. Administrators can also add additional attributes to be updated in Active Directory/Azure AD during this migration. Administrators can specify attribute values to update in Active Directory/Azure AD or leave the values blank so they inherit the values present in Active Directory/Azure AD.

Note: Only accounts that are *active* and *before* their end-of-lifecycle can be migrated.

1. At the Home page, select **Migrate Accounts**.

				۵
Account Migratio	on			
Select Type & Domain (2)	Assign Template (3) So	elect Accounts (4) Select Owners	5 Finalize	Next
Select Account Type				
Select the Account Type to import. Only I of Lifecycle is not able to be migrated.	Domains and Workflow Templat	es that match the account type will be display	yed. An account that is p	ast it's End
Account Type	Select One	ţ		~
Select Domain				
Select the Domain from which to migrate	e accounts. Accounts cannot be	migrated between domains		
Domain				
Select Type & Do	main.			

a. From the **Account Type** drop-down menu, choose from Active Directory, Azure Active Directory, or Group Managed Service Account.

(3) Select Accounts

- b. From the **Domain** drop-down menu, select the Domain accounts will be migrated from. Accounts cannot be migrated between domains.
- c. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.

(2) Assign Template

3. Assign Template.



Select Type & Domain

(4) Select Owners

5 Finalize

a. At the **Workflow** drop-down, select the available accounts to be migrated from. If the workflow is associated with a vault, only managed accounts with secrets in the same vault can be migrated to the selected template.

Yick the workflow, review interval, lifecycle end date, and wners for the accounts being migrated.	Workflow	Select One	~
The selected workflow will dictate the accounts available to nigrate. If the workflow is associated with a vault, only	Review Interval	Select One	Ŷ
nanaged accounts with secrets in the same vault can be nigrated to the selected template.	Lifecycle End Date		
f you choose to <b>Reassign OU</b> , any account you select will be noved from their currently assigned OU to the OU specified by he selected workflow. If the workflow allows for child OUs to	Keep Current Date		
e selected, you can pick a specific child OU as the new OU for he accounts chosen in the next step.	Reassign OU		

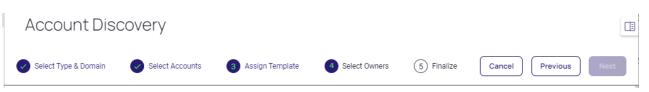
- b. The selection for **Review Interval** determines when an accounts end of lifecycle will occur. Choosing a date in the past will cause the accounts to expire as of midnight (00:00) UTC.
- c. Enable Keep Current Date to leave each migrated account with it's current End of Life date.
- d. Enabling **Reassign OU** moves any selected account from its currently assigned Organizational Unit (OU) to the OU specified by the selected workflow. If the workflow allows for child OUs to be selected, a specific child OU can be selected as the new OU for the accounts to be migrated.
- e. Choose **Reassign Secret Folder** to limit the selection of accounts in the next step to only those accounts that have a secret associated with them. (This option is only available when Secret Server is used as the vault.)
- f. Click **Next** in the upper right-hand corner.
- 4. Select Accounts.



a. Choose the accounts to be migrated by clicking the check box to the left of the account name, or enable the check box next to the Search bar to select all accounts.

Account M	igration					٥
Select Type & Domain	🕑 Assign Te	mplate 3 Select Accounts	Set Attributes	5 Select Owners	6 Finalize	Cancel Previous Next
3 items		<b>V</b> Filters				
NAME 🕈	STATUS	WORKFLOW TEMPLATE	END OF LIFECYCLE ACTION	CREATED ON		1
AADRAWS343@alm1.d	e. Active	AADAWSR343% V1.0	Review	03/28/2022		
AzAKVSpace@alm1.de	w. Active	Rob Az AKV Test 000 VI	Review	11/05/2021		
Check12@alm1.dev.th	y Active	AAD%\$33 V1.0	Review	10/05/2021		
Dtr87993@alm1.dev.th	Active	AAD(89@ V1.0	Disable	10/05/2021		
ERAZIAMTest@alm1.d	e Active	ER AZ IAM V1.0	Review	09/07/2021		

- b. Use the Search field to display all accounts that match the search criteria. Use the Filter drop-down to restrict the list of accounts to specific End of Lifecycle account types, Workflows, or accounts created on a specific date.
- c. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.
- 5. Set Attributes.



- a. The list of available accounts are displayed in the **Accounts** panel on the left of the page. Select an account to populate its associated attributes. Select **Update All** to display attributes from all accounts.
  - Note: For Update All operations, any attributes shared between accounts will be updated in bulk for all accounts. Additionally, attributes not present in an account will be added; attributes no longer defined in the migrated template will no longer appear.

Accounts Vpdate All	2 items		Add Attributes
AzAKVSpace@alm1.dev.thycotic.co           DIY87993@alm1.dev.thycotic.com	NAME	VALUE	Ŀ
C ERAZIAMTest⊚alm1.dev.thycotic.cc	MailNickname (MailN	L. new server 003	
	UserPrincipalName (	Empty fields will use existin	

b. If needed, edit the current value for an attribute. Blank values are supported. Blank values will be pulled in from Active Directory with bulk refresh.

**Note:** Use blank fields to support unique values, otherwise the same value will be added in bulk to all accounts when performing an **Update All** operation.

- c. If needed, click **Add Attribute** to add a new attribute to the account. Available attributes will be limited to those on the template being migrated to. Select from the available attributes and click **Add**. If **Update All** is selected, the attribute will be added for all accounts.
- d. Click Remove to remove an attribute. That attribute will no longer be tracked in the managed account.

Note:Remove does not remove the attribute from the account in the domain.

- e. Click Next in the upper right-hand corner.
- 6. Select Owners.



a. Next, assign owners for each account. You can set the owners for each individual account, or assign the same group of owners to all accounts. Click **Remove** next to a user or group in the list to remove the user or group from the account.

Accounts Update All	4 items Search		Add ~	
<ul> <li>AzAKVSpace@alm1.dev.thycotic.c</li> <li>DIY87993@alm1.dev.thycotic.com</li> </ul>	NAME 🕈		Add Users Add Groups	
O ERAZIAMTest@alm1.dev.thycotic.	Administrator	Remove		
	Carolina Mcgarity	Remove		
	Giulio Neri	Remove		
	Rob Mosher	Remove		

To add a user or group, click **Add** and select either **Add Users** or **Add Groups**. When prompted, select the users or groups to add as owners and click **Add**.

0.000		
0	Add Groups	
0	Barch	_
H	auto-test379     auto-test4399-1	_
A	auto-test5633	
8	auto-test9472-1 auto-test9473	4
0	auto-test9478	
American	Cancel	
A rear		

- b. Click **Next** in the upper right-hand corner.
- 7. Finalize.

Select Type & Domain Select Accounts Select Accounts Select Accounts Select Owners 6 Finalize Cancel Previous Complete	lete
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- a. Review the domain name, workflow template, review interval, lifecycle end date, accounts, and owners. Change information by clicking on the previous steps. Make sure to click **Next** on any updated fields.
- b. Once you have verified that the information is correct, click **Complete** to finalize the wizard and move the accounts.

## **Bulk Renew**

1. On the Home page, click **Start Bulk Renew** to display only accounts that are in the review period. The total number of accounts is reflected in the count displayed next to the Search field. (To exit from the bulk renew operation, click **End Bulk Renew**.)

#### **Accounts Home**

$\diamond$	Account Lifecycle Manager					۵
6	Home		Home			
Ļ	Alerts					
Ċ	Workflows	_	Managed Requests Approvals			
88	Integrations		Discover, Migrate and Manage the life o	ycle of your Service Accounts.	Migrate Accounts	Discover Accounts
ĉ	Personnel	~	110 items Search	<b>V</b> Filters		End Bulk Renew
ß	Audit	~	ACCOUNT NAME T STATUS	END OF LIFE ACTION	REVIEW DATE	±
$\diamond$	API	~	AADRAWS228@alm1.dev.t Active	Review	05/03/2022	
≙	Alert Settings	^	AADRAWS343@alm1.dev.t Active	Review	03/27/2022	
	Email Templates		almdsvtest2 Active	Review	08/18/2021	
	Webhook Authori:	zatio	almdsvtest4 Active	Review	02/07/2022	
1.	Webhooks Reports		almdsvtest4 Active	Review	03/03/2022	
			almdsvtest5 Active	Review	03/02/2022	
63	Configuration		almdsvtest5 Active	Review	02/07/2022	
	elinea	<	almdsvtest6 Active	Review	02/07/2022	

2. Enable the associated checkboxes for each account to be renewed. When all accounts for renewal have been selected, click **Renew**.

Depending on your workflow, you may be prompted for a new Lifecycle End Date for the lifecycle or you can edit the account Description.

3. At the Renew Accounts? prompt, click Renew again to confirm.

Note: For accounts with the **Delete** or **Expire** end-of-lifecycle actions, a section of the dialog that appears allows the user to submit a note with the renew request. For accounts that allow a custom lifecycle end date, a section in the dialog that appears allows the user to select the end date.

#### **Accounts Home**

Account Lifecycle Manager					4
Home Home		Home			
Q Alerts					
🖞 Workflows	-	Managed Requests Approvals			
Integrations		Discover, Migrate and Manage the life cycle of y	your Service Accounts.	Migrate Accounts Discover Account	ts
Personnel	~	110 items Search	<b>V</b> Filters	Rene	w
Audit	~	ACCOUNT NAME 🕈 STATUS	END OF LIFE ACTION	REVIEW DATE	Ŧ
<> API	~	AADRAWS228@alm1.dev.t Active	Review	05/03/2022	_
\land Alert Settings	^	AADRAWS343@alm1.dev.t Active	Review	03/27/2022	
Email Templates		Active	Review	08/18/2021	
Webhook Authoriz Webhooks	zatio	Imdsvtest4 Active	Review	02/07/2022	
Reports		Imdsvtest4 Active	Review	03/03/2022	
Configuration		Imdsvtest5 Active	Review	03/02/2022	
Configuration		almdsvtest5 Active	Review	02/07/2022	
Delinea	<	Active	Review	02/07/2022	

# Viewing and Creating New Requests

## **Review New Requests**

To address pending requests, select the **Requests** tab on the Home page for accounts. In Card view, click **View** to do to the request details. Click **Withdraw** to remove a submitted request from the workflow. **Edit** is only available if the request is in a draft state.

ome			
aged Requests			
Search Y Filte	rs		
Grid View			
Req	v	MA 102	^
Workflow: Test_AD_6check	Created On	Workflow: JA	Created On
New Account Failed To Provision	12/03/2021	New Account Submitted	02/26/2019
		End of Lifecycle Action Review	
		Review Interval 30x Days	
almiamdemo3	~	Reason	
Workflow: AwslamDemo2	Created On	View	
New Account Submitted	09/08/2021	🗠 Withdraw	
awsiamalmdemo2	· ·	MA 101	~
Workflow: AwslamDemo1	Created On	Workflow: JA	Created On
New Account Draft	09/08/2021	New Account Submitted	02/26/2019

By default, approved and provisioned accounts are excluded in the accounts Filter.

- To view a customized subset of requests, click Filter and specify parameters that further limit the requests returned for display.
- The Requestor's reason for requesting the account appears in the **Reason** field.
  - Note: The Request's reason is a required field.

### **Creating New Requests**

- 1. On the Home page, select the **Requests** tab and click **Create Request** to generate a new request.
- 2. Select the Workflow Template that will be used to manage the request and acknowledge the request. Click **Next**.

#### Accounts Home

0.000			•
a	Create Req	uest	
0	Workflow *	AWS	-
0		IAM (O)	_
	Terms of Service	alm.thycotic.com	-
A		I acknowledge that I have read and agree to the terms.	
B +-*		Cancel Next	
Contrast Contrast	-		-

- 3. Next, supply a name for the request and click Create Request.
- 4. The newly created Request page displays. Supply information for the remaining parameters on the **Account Details** section. Required fields are indicated by an asterisk (\*).

Home > Requests >		Ø
KD_New		Delete Request Submit
Account Details Review the Status and End of Lifecycle Action and a Review Interval selected in this section	associated to this Request. All Requests must have a Justification statement supplied	Account Details
Account Name *	kD_New	Secret Storage
Request Type	New Account	Account Configuration
	Draft	Account Owners
Status		Provision History
Account Type	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management	Approvals
Service Account	Yes	Approvais
Workflow	Rob IAM SL Template 000	
End of Lifecycle Action	Delete	
Review Interval *	30x Days 🗸	
Access Type	Programmatic	
Justification / Reason *		
		hg
Account Description *		
	Cancel Save	

Scroll down the page or click a section in the right selection panel to view the current groups of parameters. Click **Save** when complete.

5. If needed, click **Edit** to make updates in each group of parameters. At this time, the request is in a draft state and appears on the Requests page with a **Draft** tag.

#### Accounts Home



6. Click **Submit** when the request is complete. Click **Submit** at the confirmation prompt. The request appears on the Request page with a **Submitted** tag.

KD_New	~
Workflow: Rob IAM SL Template 000	Created On
New Account Submitted	04/26/2023

# Viewing Request Details

To view request details, click the Name of the request in either Card view or Grid view.

The Request Details page displays: Account Details, Secret Storage, Account Configuration, Account Owners, Provision History, and Approvals.

If the request has been submitted, Withdraw Request can be used to remove the request from ALM.

Home > Requests >		8
KD_New		Delete Request
Account Details Review the Status and End of Lifecycle Action and a Review Interval selected in this section	associated to this Request. All Requests must have a Justification statement supplied	▲ Account Details
Account Name *	KD, New	Secret Storage
		G Account Configuration
Request Type	New Account	Account Owners
Status	Draft	-
Account Type	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management	Provision History
Service Account	Yes	Approvals
Workflow	Rob IAM SL Template 000	
End of Lifecycle Action	Delete	
Review Interval *	30x Days v	
Access Type	Programmatic	
Justification / Reason *		
Account Description *		Log
	Cancel Save	

# **Approving Requests**

On the Approvals page, the pending requests are listed.

#### Alerts

Account Lifecycle Manager						۵
Home		Home				
Q Alerts						
Workflows		Managed Requests Approvals				
Integrations		Approve/Deny pending service account provisio	ning Requests or view the approv	val status of previo	us Requests.	
Personnel	~	38 items Search by Name, Reques	ter, c			
🗹 Audit	~	ShortTest2	ADDefAttr	~	RobSnTest08	~
<> API	~	Requester: Kyle Bartholomew Create Type: RenewExpired 04/13/2022	Requester: Rob Mosher Type: New	Create 09/29/2021	Requester: SNow Admin Type: New	Create 02/09/2021
Alert Settings	~	Workflow ShortTime				
II Reports		Account Eric Remington Owner	RobWithdrawal	~	RobSnTest07	~
🔅 Configuration		End of Life Expire Action	Requester: Rob Mosher Type: New	Create 09/24/2021	Requester: SNow Admin Type: New	Create 02/09/2021
		Review Interval 2x Days				
		Reason test	almiamdemo3	~	Rob AD Internal 00	~
		O Deny Account	Requester: Enza Requestor	Create	Requester: Rob Mosher	Create
		⊘ Approve Account	Type: New	09/08/2021	Type: New	02/09/2021
Delinea	<					

To approve or deny a request:

- 1. Click the down arrow (Card view) and click the **Name** of the request. In list view, clicking the **Name** of the request accesses the Request Details page directly.
- 2. Select the corresponding control to Approve or Deny the request.

Approving the request will provision the Service Account and notify the Requestor that their account has been approved. Denying the request will notify the Requestor of the denial and the reason.

# Alerts

The Alerts page displays important account alerts, the date and time the alert was generated and their statuses so that critical alerts can be addressed.

Click Alerts in the left navigation panel.

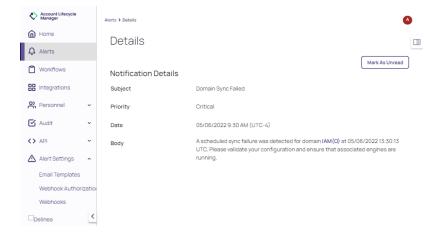
#### Workflows

<	Account Lifecycle Manager		
6	Home	Alerts	
Ĺ	Alerts		
C	) Workflows	View important account alerts and their statuses. Resolve alerts that call for critical attention.	
8	Integrations	🔡 🗄 2 items Search 🛛 🏹 Filters	
උ	Personnel v	Warning: Critical Resources(s) Disabled 🛛 🗸	
C	Audit v	Date: 05/06/202210:55 AM (UTC-4)	
<	> API ~	O crimical	
2	Alert Settings ^	Dural Day Filled	
	Email Templates	Domain Sync Failed   Date: 05/06/2022 9:30 AM (UTC-4)	
	Webhook Authorizatio Webhooks		
	Delinea		

Select any alert to view its Details page. After viewing an alert, you can update the disposition of the alert as either read or unread.

4

Click Mark as Read or Mark as Unread, as appropriate.



# Workflows

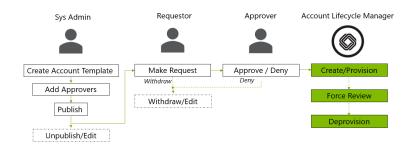
Workflows in ALM define the approval processes for Service Accounts. Once a Template is completed and published, Requestors can use ALM to request that a Service Account be created.

# **Overview**

ALM supplies a straightforward, Roles-driven workflow system to support your oversight of new AD account creation, review, and eventual renewal or retirement.

ALM represents your approval processes as Workflow Templates. Each template defines the approval process for a particular service account kind or category as defined by your organization.

ALM's workflow system follows a simple, linear process from template definition through account Requests and Approvals.



# Workflow Template Fields

The fields that define a Workflow Template are defined by the <u>Workflow Template Wizard</u>. The wizard is accessed when a Workflow Template is created and edited.

Workflow Template fields include:

- Template Details basic descriptors that include: ame, version, status, and EOL action.
- Secrets Vault determines how Secrets are stored and managed by the workflow.
- Directory Services describes the platform that manages and provisions the accounts.
- Ownership restricts the ownership of the managed accounts.
- Account Lifecycle determines how ALM actions the End of Lifecycle (EOL).
- Workflow Groups the groups allowed to request managed accounts using the Workflow Template.
- Approval Flow the steps that define the approvals required for account provisioning.

# **Building Workflow Templates**

Create and manage Workflows from the Workflows page. Click **Workflow** in the left navigation panel. The Workflow Template is displayed.

Account Lifecycle Manager							•
Home Home		Workflows					
Q Alerts							
Workflows		365 items Search.		<b>V</b> Filters		Create T	amplata
Integrations		565 items		ų mais		Ciedle	
Rersonnel	~	WORKFLOW TEMPLATE	TEMPLATE VERSION	STATUS	MODIFIED ON	CREATED ON 🕹	<u>+</u>
🗹 Audit	~	AADDelAWS3232@@	3.0	Published	05/04/2022	05/04/2022	
<> API	~	test publish	1.0	Draft	05/04/2022	05/04/2022	
		n	1.0	Draft	04/20/2022	04/20/2022	
Alert Settings	Ť	mnknn	1.0	Draft	04/18/2022	04/18/2022	
Reports		Test Create	1.0	Draft	04/07/2022	04/07/2022	
😥 Configuration		AD Attributes Unpubli	1.0	Draft	04/04/2022	04/04/2022	
Delinea	<	AADAWSR343%	1.0	Published	03/28/2022	03/28/2022	

### **Create a Workflow**

Use this procedure to create the Workflow Templates necessary to support your organization's use cases. You must have the System Administrator Role to perform this procedure, and you must have already connected ALM to your Secrets Vault.

• Click Create Template in the upper right hand corner to bring up the Workflow Template Wizard

rkflow Templates >						KD	
lew Template							-
1 Setup 2 Vault	(3) Directory Services	(4) Ownership	5 Lifecycle	6 Groups	7 Approval Flow	Next	
Femplate Details his tool will guide you through the proc	ess of creating and publishing a	Workflow Template to use	for creating managed a	accounts.			
Template Name							
Account Type	Active Directo	ry				~	
End of Lifecycle Action	Review					~	
Service Account							
Terms of Service							
						11	
Purpose							

#### 1. Template Setup

1 Template Setup	2 Secrets Vault	3 Active Directory	4 Ownership Configuration	5 Account Lifecycle	6 Approval Flow
------------------	-----------------	--------------------	---------------------------	---------------------	-----------------

- a. Give the Template a name and select the **Account Type** from the drop-down menu. The Account Type should correspond to the directory service that will be used for this Template.
- b. Select an **End of Lifecycle Action**. Later in the wizard, you will choose the time interval for these actions to take effect.
  - i. **Review** a notification will be sent to the User reminding them that the Service Account is active. ALM will not change the Service Account at this point. Users are given the following options
    - Renew- extends the account's lifecycle until the next Review date. The renewal period starts at UTC 00:00.
    - Disable- deactivates the account in ALM and AD. The User can re-enable the account.
    - Delete Account and Secret- removes the Service Account.
  - ii. **Disable** the Service Account will be automatically disabled unless it is **Renewed** by the Account Owner. Users are given the following options

- Renew- extends the account's lifecycle until the next Review date. The renewal period starts at UTC 00:00.
- Disable- deactivates the account in ALM and AD. The User can re-enable the account.
- Delete Account and Secret- removes the Service Account.
- iii. **Expire-** the Service Account will be automatically deactivated, but it can still be reactivated be repeating the Approval process. Users are given the following options
  - Submit for Approval to Renew- the Account is submitted again to the Approvers. If approved, the account is renewed. If denied, the account will expire.
  - Disable- deactivates the account in ALM and AD. The User can re-enable the account.
  - Delete Account and Secret- removes the Service Account.
- iv. Delete- the Service Account is disabled, and cannot be renewed. Users are given the following options
  - Disable- deactivates the account in ALM and AD.
  - Delete Account and Secret- removes the Service Account.
  - Clone as New Request- generates a new request identical to the provisioned account. The User then completes the new request and submits for approval.
- c. The **Terms of Service** should reflect your organization's guidelines for the use of new Service Accounts. The Requestor of the new account must agree to the terms you set before the account is provisioned.
- d. Enter the **Purpose** for the Workflow. The purpose will be provided to Users when they request a new account, so they know which template to choose for their request.
- e. Click Save + Next.
- 2. Secrets Vault



- a. For **System**, choose the Secrets Vault to use for Accounts on this Template. The **Type** of Vault should populate automatically based on your selection.
- b. For **Template**, choose the directory type associated with the workflow.
- c. Click **Select Folders** and choose where the secrets for this workflow will be stored. Checking **Allow Folder Override** will let the requestor choose folders within the selected index to store the account's secrets.
- d. Click Save + Next.
- 3. Active Directory



- a. Choosing a **Name Prefix** is optional, but it is *highly recommended* that you use a prefix if your organization has a large number of Service Accounts. Using prefixes will make organizing large numbers of accounts easier.
- b. Defining **Name Regex** is also optional. Setting regex will force Requestors to follow specific naming conventions when using this Template. You can input any limiting pattern using *.NET native* regex.
- c. Select the Active Directory Server that Service Accounts on the template will use.
- d. For **OU Distinguished Name**, click **select** and choose the Organization Unit(s) that Service Accounts will belong to. Click **add**.
- e. Toggling **Allow Choosing Sub-OUs** to **Yes** will allow the Requester to choose a sub-ou within the folder you have designated. Toggling to **No** will restrict the Requester to only the OU you have designated.
- f. Use the drop-down menu to select the **Attributes** for the Service Accounts. You have the option to **Require** each attribute or mark it as **Read-only**. Click the **plus** to add the attribute. Edit the attribute using the **pencil** icon, or remove it by clicking the red **X**.
- g. Selecting **Groups** will limit access to this template to Users in the selected Group. Use the drop-down menu to find the Group and click the **plus**. You may add multiple Groups.
- 4. Ownership Configuration



- a. Toggling Allow Group Ownership to Yes will allow the newly created account to be shared among multiple owners without restrictions.
- b. Toggling Allow Group Ownership to No will bring up additional ownership options.
  - Toggling Requester Only Owner to Yes will restrict ownership of new accounts to only the Requester. Toggling to No will allow other users to have ownership of the account.
  - Set the number of **Minimum Owners** and **Maximum Owners** for new accounts using this template.
- 5. Account Lifecycle



- a. The **Review/Expire Period Options** section shows the lifecycle length options that will be available to the Requestor when they request a new account. You can customize the options by editing the **number field** and selecting **Day(s)** or **Year(s)**. Click the **plus** to add the option.
- b. Enable re-approval before end of lifecycle will allow the Account Owner to request a renewal of the account before the chosen date of Review/Expiration. Use the arrows to set the re-approval time period.
- c. Check **Send notification when renewal is available** to automatically notify the Account Owner when reapproval is available.

- d. You can have the renewal notification resent at intervals. Check **send reminder to owner** and use the arrows to set the interval that ALM will send notifications.
- e. You can also have more frequent reminders sent. Check **Send urgent notifications** and use the arrows to set an hourly interval to send reminders and the number of days before the end-of-lifecycle to begin sending the hourly reminders.
- f. Check **Include system administrators** to have ALM send the reminder to the Account Owner and the System Admin.
- g. To stop reminders automatically, check **Stop sending notifications** and use the arrows to select the number of days after the start of notifications to stop sending.
- 6. Approval Flow



- a. Toggling **Hide Approver Names From Requesters** to **Yes** will restrict users requesting a new account from seeing who in the organization can approve their request.
- b. The Approval Flow will dictate which approvals are required before the account is provisioned.
- c. Click Add to add a step to the Approval Flow.
- d. From the **Actions** drop-down list, select a User or Group of Users that can Approve new Accounts using this template.
- e. In the **Require at least** box, use the arrows to change the number of approvers needed from the list of Users/Groups.
- f. You can add another step to change the number of approvals needed from separate Groups or Users by clicking **Add Step** from the Actions drop-down.
- g. Click **Publish** to finish creating the template. **Once a Template is Published, it cannot be edited further** without first being unpublished.
- Note: Requiring approval from one, specific individual can create a bottleneck. To avoid creating a bottleneck, Delinea recommends choosing a Group of managers and requiring two approvers.

# Managing Workflow Templates

Review and make changes to a Workflow Template by clicking on the Template Name to bring up the Template page.

Select the desired action from the **Workflow Template Actions** pull-down. The actions available depend on the **Status** of the Workflow Template.

#### Workflows

۲	Account Lifecycle Manager		Workflow Templates > aws79			٥
G	) Home		aws79			
Ļ	Alerts		0007.5			
C	Workflows		Template Details		Workflow Template Actions ~	
88	Integrations		This tool will guide you through the proc	cess of creating and publishing a Workflow Template to use for crea		
č	Personnel	~	Template Name *	aws79	Unpublish	
~	j Audit	~	Template Version	2.0		~ ]
<:	API	~	Version Published	03/01/2022		
≙	Alert Settings	~	Status	Published		
d	Reports		Account Type *	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management		
	Destinution	<	End of Lifecycle Action *	Review		

Action	Template State	Description
Create New Version	Published	Updates the version of the Workflow Template
Disable	Published	Requestors will no longer be able to select this Template when requesting a new Service Account
Unpublish	Published	Returns the Workflow Template to a Draft Status and allows editing
Edit	Draft	Before a Workflow Template is published, you can edit the Template Setup, Secrets Vault, Active Directory, Account Lifecycle, and Approval Flow. Select <b>Edit</b> to access the template wizard. Published Templates must be unpublished before they are edited.
Delete	Draft	Removes the Workflow Template from the application

# Workflow Template Versioning

Workflow Template versioning allows System Administrators to update a published Workflow without needing to disable or unpublish the Template.

To create a new version of an existing Workflow Template:

#### **Managing Integrations**

1. Open the Template and select Create New Version.

$\diamond$	Account Lifecycle Manager		Workflow Templates > aws79			۸
۵	Home		aws79			
Û	Alerts		00070			
٥	Workflows		Template Details		Workflow Template Actions ~	J
88	Integrations		This tool will guide you through the proc	ess of creating and publishing a Workflow Template to use for crea	Disable	
പ	Personnel	•	Template Name *	aws79	Unpublish	
V	Audit	~	Template Version	2.0	~	]
$\langle \rangle$	API	~	Version Published	03/01/2022		
♪	Alert Settings	•	Status	Published		
di	Reports		Account Type *	Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management		
	Configuration	<	End of Lifecycle Action *	Review		

- 2. ALM will prompt for confirmation that the System Administrator wants to create a new version of the Workflow Template.
- 3. When a new version of a Workflow Template is published, all new Account Requests will use the newest Template version.
- 4. All accounts previously provisioned to prior versions will remain associated to the version they were provisioned against.

Users with permissions to access Workflow Templates will be able to view the specification of previous versions for change tracking. The Managed Accounts view will display which version of a Workflow Template the account is provisioned against.

# **Managing Integrations**

Click **Integrations** in the left navigation panel to view the currently configured domains, engine pools, engines, and vaults.

Account Lifecycle Manager	9
Home	Integrations
û Alerts	Domains Engine Pools Engines Vaults
Workflows	\$
Integrations	Connection to a domain allows the ability to discover and manage the lifecycle of service accounts within that domain. + Create Domain
Personnel V	H 🗄 15 items
	adtest v GCPEC2 v IAM3 v Status Yes Status Yes
🛆 Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	Type: Active Directory
II Reports	alm1.dev.thycotic.com v IAM v IAMTest v
Configuration	Status         Yes         Status         Yes           Type         Azure Active Directory         Type: Amazon Web Services Identity and Ac         Type: Amazon Web Services Identity and Ac

The tabs available on the Integration page allow you to manage these configurations after <u>Initial ALM Setup</u> with the following features:

- <u>Managing Domains</u> viewing, creating, editing and deleting domains.
- <u>Managing Engine Pools</u> viewing, creating, and editing engine pools.

- Managing Engines viewing, downloading, activating, disabling, and reassigning engines.
- Managing Vaults viewing, creating, and editing vaults.

# **Managing Domains**

Domains provide the means to discover and manage the lifecycle of service accounts within that domain.

#### **Viewing Domains**

To view the domains currently integrated with ALM:

- 1. Select Integrations in the left navigation panel.
- 2. Select the **Domains** tab. The currently integrated domains are displayed.

Account Lifecycle Manager		A
Home	Integrations	
Q Alerts	ů – Č	
Workflows	Domains Engine Pools Engines Vaults	
Integrations	Connection to a domain allows the ability to discover and manage the lifecycle of service accounts within that domain. + Create Do	main
Personnel	Henry 15 items Search	
Audit	adtest v GCPEC2 v IAM3 v	
<> API	Status: Yes Status: Yes Status: Yes	
Alert Settings	Type: Active Directory Type: Google Cloud Platform Identity and A Type: Amazon Web Services Identity and Ac	
II Reports	alm1.dev.thycotic.com v IAM v IAMTest v	
🔅 Configuration	Status: Yes         Status: Yes         Status: Yes           Type: Azure Active Directory         Type: Amazon Web Services Identity and Ac         Type: Amazon Web Services Identity and Ac	
Delinea	<	

Domains can be viewed as cards or viewed as a list, using the Viewing Mode icons. When viewing a card, click the down arrow on a card to expand the card and view its summary fields. When viewing a domain in list mode, column headers represent summary fields.

# Creating a Domain

1. On the Integrations page, click **Create Domain**.

0	the state of the s			
			6	
0				
0	-	Create Doma	ain	_
		Domain Name *	Enter Domain Name	
1			This field is required.	_
		Domain Type	Select One Y	
			Active Directory	
- 13			Azure Active Directory Amazon Web Services Identity and Access Management	
		Tax Anna Descent	Google Cloud Platform Identity and Access Management	and, and house the
-		-	* miller	*

- 2. Specify a **Domain Name** and select the **Domain Type** from the available domains integrated into the application.
- 3. Click Create Domain. The domain appears in the list of domains on the Integration page.

### **Viewing Domain Details**

1. On the Integrations page, click the name of the domain to access the Domain Details page.

The **General** tab on the Domain Details page identify the name, type, enabled/disabled state, sync status, and sync schedule.

**Note**: The tabs available on the Domain Details page are dependent on the type of domain selected (for example: existing users, groups, and organization units, resources, attributes, and Managed Accounts).

### **Editing Domains**

1. On the Integrations page, select a domain to access the Domain Details page.

Account Lifecycle Manager	Integrations > Domains > enzadev.thycotic.com		٩
Home	enzadev.thycotic.c	com	
Workflows	General Users Groups Or	ganizational Units Attributes Managed Accounts	Sync Delete
Integrations	Domain Details		
Personnel v			Edit
🖌 Audit 🗸 🗸	Domain Name	enzadev.thycotic.com	
<> API ~	Domain Type	Active Directory	
\land Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	Enabled	Yes	
II Reports	Sync Group Managed Service Accounts	Yes	
Delinea	Last Sync	04/25/2022 1:09 PM (UTC-4)	

1. Select the tab with the parameters to edit.

Note: The parameters available for editing are dependent on the type of domain selected.

The **Users**, **Groups**, and **Organizational Units** tabs provide functionality for adding, syncing and deleting the users, groups, and organizational units.

Likewise, the domain's attributes, resource, and Managed Accounts can be viewed, added, and synced on the **Attributes**, **Resources**, and **Managed Accounts** tabs, respectively.

- 1. Select Edit and replace the desired values.
- 2. Click Save.

### **Deleting Domains**

- 1. On the Integrations page, select a domain to access the Domain Details page.
- 2. Click Delete.
- 3. At the **Delete Domain?** confirmation prompt, click **Delete**.

# **Managing Engines**

The Engine Service are essential to managing interactions between ALM and your Active Directory.

### **Viewing Engines**

To view the engines currently integrated with ALM:

**Managing Integrations** 

- 1. Select Integrations in the left navigation panel.
- 2. Select the **Engines** tab. The currently integrated engines are displayed.

Account Lifecycle Manager		0	)
Home		Integrations	
Alerts		Domains Engine Pools Engines Vaults	
Workflows		Download, Setup, Restart, and Check the status of ALM Engine Services hosted Activation Tokens Download Installer	7
	~	on the machines inside of your environment. The Engine Service are essential to managing interactions between ALM and your Active Directory. Learn more through our in-app documentation.	,
I Audit	~	Image: Search     Image: Search	
<> API	~	DC01@enzadev.thycotic.com  V WORKGROUP\EC2AMAZ-J2VVCH9  V	
Alert Settings	~	Status:         Enabled         Last Connected         Status:         Enabled         Last Connected           Pool:         enzadev.thycotic.com         05/06/2022         Pool:         IAMQA         05/06/2022	
ル Reports			
So Configuration		WORKGROUP\ALMENGINE-ENZAD ~ Status: Enabled Last Connected	
Delinea	<	Pool: Google IAM EC2 Pool 05/06/2022	

Engines can be viewed as cards or viewed as a list, using the Viewing Mode icons. The name, **Status**, associated **Pool**, and **Last Connected** date and time for each engine is provided.

### Downloading an Engine

1. On the Integrations page, select the **Engines** tab and click **Download Installer**.

The alm\_engine\_svc\_x86.zip file is copied to the download folder.

#### **Reviewing Activation Tokens**

1. On the Integrations page, select the **Engines** tab and click **Activation Tokens**.

The ACTIONS column allows you to revoke any token.

#### **Managing Integrations**

2. Locate the desired token and make any necessary changes to **Revoke** the token.

<ul> <li>Account Lifecycle Manager</li> <li>Home</li> <li>Alerts</li> </ul>		Integrations > Engines > Activation Tokens				٥	
Workflows		49 items Search					
Integrations							
Rersonnel	~	ACTIVATION TOKEN	STATE 🕆 🖑	EXPIRATION	DOWNLOADED	ACTIONS	+
🗹 Audit	•	9444119f42f96bbcc57	Active	05/06/2022 4:35 PM (UT	May 6, 2022	Revoke	
Addit		17b6d6c7eae55b580e	Expired	04/15/2022 11:42 PM (UT	Apr 15, 2022		
<> API	~	48ad3d65071ee69b17	Expired	04/15/2022 5:50 PM (UT	Apr 15, 2022		
\Lambda Alert Settings	~	5618855b99879599cb	Expired	03/28/2022 7:23 PM (UT	Mar 28, 2022		-
Reports			and an and	our normalized and the form			_
Delinea	<	ce47ebc76da81cd3a5	Expired	03/02/2022 5:26 PM (UT	Mar 2, 2022		

### Viewing, Enabling/Disabling and Reassigning Engines

The Engine Details page allows for enabling and disabling of an engine, engine pool assignment, and viewing the time an engine last connected to ALM.

1. On the Integrations page, select the **Engines** tab and click the name of the engine to access the Engine Details page.

Account Lifecycle Manager	Integrations > Engines > WORKGROUP\EC2A	MAZ-J2VVCH9		
Home	WORKGROUP\EC	2AMAZ-J2VVCH9	-	
Q Alerts			Disable	_
Workflows	Manage Engine		Disable	
Integrations	Management of this ALM Engine will al last connected to ALM.	low for enabling and disabling of this Engine. Engine Pool as	ssignment, and viewing the time this Engine	
Personnel ~	Name	WORKGROUP\EC2AMAZ-J2VVCH9		
🗹 Audit 🗸 🗸	State	Enabled		
<> API ~	Pool			
\land Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	Last Connected	05/06/2022 8:31 AM (UTC-4)		
Delinea	Last connected	0000120220-010MM (010°4)		

- 2. Depending on the current state of the engine, click **Enable** or **Disable** to update the status of the engine, if needed.
- 3. If an engine needs to be reassigned to another engine pool, click Reassign.
- 4. At the **Reassign Engine Pool** prompt box, select the new engine pool and click **Reassign**.

0.000	1000000 1 20000 1 200000 20000 20000
a	
Q ====	Description Miniference Deal
0	Reassign ALM Engine Pool
H	ALM Engine Pool
A reason	Cancel
E and	Cancer
0 =	a base based

# **Managing Engine Pools**

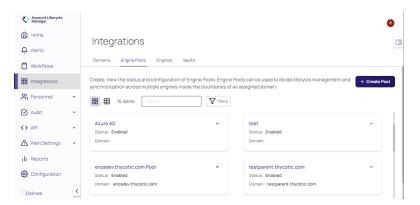
Engine pools can be used to divide lifecycle management and synchronization across multiple engines inside the boundaries of an assigned domain.

## **Viewing Engine Pools**

To view the engine pools currently integrated with ALM:

- 1. Select Integrations in the left navigation panel.
- 2. Select the Engine Pools tab. The currently integrated engine pools are displayed.

Engine pools can be viewed as cards or viewed as a list, using the Viewing Mode icons. The name, **Status** and **Domain** for each engine pool is provided.



# **Creating an Engine Pool**

1. On the Integrations page, select the **Engine Pools** tab and click **Create Pool**.

6 335 <sup>2000</sup>	integratio	,		•
0	Create ALM	لي 1 Engine Pool		
H	Pool Name *	Enter Pool Name		
A			Cancel Create Pool	
10 m	* Aug 10		-	. 11
	4 Date Dates		Terror Distance	

- 2. Specify a Pool Name.
- 3. Click **Create Pool**. The engine pool appears in the list of engine pools on the Integration page.

# Viewing and Editing Engine Pool Details

1. On the Integrations page, select the **Engine Pools** tab and click the name of the engine pool to access the Engine Pool Details page.

<ul> <li>Account Lifecycle Manager</li> <li>Home</li> <li>Alerts</li> </ul>	Integrations > Domains > enzadev.thycotic.com		Sync Deless
Workflows Workflows Reintegrations Personnel v	Domain Details		Edit
🗹 Audit 🗸 👻	Domain Name	enzadev.thycotic.com	
<> API ~	Domain Type	Active Directory	
\land Alert Settings 🗸 🗸	Enabled	Yes	
I Reports	Sync Group Managed Service Accounts	Yes	
Delinea <	Last Sync	04/25/2022 1:09 PM (UTC-4)	

- 2. Select Edit and replace the desired values for the Manage Pool and Assigned Engines parameters.
- 3. Click Save.

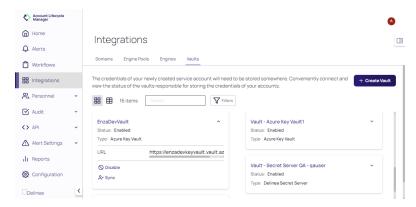
# **Managing Vaults**

Vaults responsible for storing the credentials of your accounts.

#### **Viewing Vaults**

To view the vaults currently integrated with ALM:

- 1. Select Integrations in the left navigation panel.
- 2. Select the Vaults tab. The currently integrated vaults are displayed.



Vaults can be viewed as cards or viewed as a list, using the Viewing Mode icons. When viewing a card, click the down arrow on a card to expand the card and view its summary fields. When viewing a domain in list mode, column headers represent summary fields.

# **Creating a Vault**

- 1. On the Integrations page, click **Vaults**, then click **Create Vault** on the Vault Details page.
- 2. At the Create Vault prompt box, select template used to create and manage the vault and click Next.

6 100 <sup>-000</sup>	
a	
Q ====	Create Vault
0	
H	Step 1 of 2
A	Template * Belect One *
8	Cancel
0.0	* Secretaria final + Mightin an tar parents on +
American	Los Banacion Seare

3. Supply the requested parameters according to the template selected for use and click Create Vault.

### Viewing and Editing Vault Details

1. On the Integrations page, select the Vaults tab and click the name of a vault to access the Vault Details page.

The **General** tab on the Vault Details page identifies the **Vault Template**, **Display Name**, **URL**. and where the vault is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

Note: The tabs available on the Vault Details page are dependent on the type of domain selected (for example: templates, engines, folders).

- 2. Click Edit to update the available values on any tab and click Save.
- 3. Click **Sync** to sync changes.

# Working with Personnel

This section covers the following administrative topics.

### Users

#### **Thycotic One accounts**

Users log into ALM using their Thycotic One account. New Users can create an account at Thycotic One.

### **Creating ALM Users**

To create a new ALM User

1. On the left-hand navigation menu, open the **PERSONNEL** drop-down and click **Users**.



2. In the upper right-hand corner, click **Create User**. The **Add user** window appears.

Add user
Step 1 of 3
Display Name *
Enter Name
Email *
Enter email address
Trigger verification email
Cancel Next

- 3. Enter a **Display Name** and **Email** for the new user. Checking the **Trigger verification email** box will send the new User an email alerting them of the new account and asking them to verify their login before use.
- 4. Click **next** to continue to the **Groups** window.

Add user
Step 2 of 3
Groups
Search for group
Engineering Team Leads
Everyone
Finance
Security Approvers
Strengthor
TestingNew
•
Previous Cancel Next

- 5. Check the boxes of the Groups the new User belongs. By default, all Users belong to the *Everyone* group. Click **next** to continue to the **Roles** window.
- 6. Check the boxes next to the **Roles** to give the new User.

#### Working with Personnel

Add user
Step 3 of 3
Roles
Search for role
TensorGate Operator Class 4
new
ProvisionApprover
ProvisionRequestor 1
Custom Role Demo
Audit2
ProvicionTact
Previous Cancel Save Save and add another

Tip: Users automatically inherit Roles from the Groups they are assigned.

7. Click **Save** to create the User. Click **Save and add another** to create the User and then start the process over to create another new User.

#### Managing Users

\_

Clicking on a User's **Display Name** from the User List will bring up the management page. You can edit a User's Roles, Groups, email and display name from the **Manage User** page.

Personnel > Users		
Q. Search Name, Email		
NAME V		
Test User		
Personnel > Users > Approver		
Manage User Emails Groups Roles		
Manage User Users represent each authenticated person using ALM. For managing a User you have the	Display Name	Approver
ability to change the name of the User, as well as enabling/disabiling the User. Disabiling a User will prohibit the user from performing any functions in ALM, including authentication.  ALM Users can be linked to Ldap Active Directory users. Linking a user will enable or disable	Enabled	No 🛑 Yes
ALM Users can be inner to use ALM Directory users, clinking a user will ensure or use one the ALM in to match changes in Ldap Active Directory.	Linked AD Account	None

#### **Change Display Name**

- Click Edit to the right of the User's name to change their **Display Name**.
  - Enter the new name in the *Edit Display Name* window. Click **Update** for the change to take effect.

#### Enable/Disable User

Use the green toggle switch to Enable and Disable the User account. Disabling the account will revoke the user's access within ALM. You can return the User's permissions by clicking Enable.

#### Add User email

Select the Emails tab. Click Add email to assign the User an additional address. Notifications for this User will be delivered to all listed addresses.

#### Add/Remove User Groups

Groups can be added/removed from the Groups tab at the top of the screen.

- To add a Group
  - Click Add group to bring up a list of available groups.

Add group	
Search for group	
Engineering Team Leads	<b>^</b>
Finance	
Strengthor	
TestingNew	
	*
	Add

- Check the boxes next to the new Group(s) for the User and click Add.
- To remove a User from a Group
  - On the right side of the Group name row, click **Remove**.

#### Add/Remove User Roles

Roles can be added/removed from the **Roles tab** at the top of the screen. The Roles that the User has are listed in the Role row.

Working with Personnel

- To add a User Role
  - Click Add role to bring up a list of available Roles.

TensorGate Operator Class 4	
new	
Custom Role Demo	
Audit2	
AccountOwner	
	Ŧ

- Check the boxes next to the new Role(s) for the User and click Add.
- To remove a User Role
  - On the right hand side of the Role name row, click **Remove**.

#### Link an Active Directory Account

- To link the User to an AD Account
  - On the right side of the Linked AD Account row, click Locate AD Account to bring up the Set AD Account window.

Set AD Account		
Select a Domain		~
	Cancel	Set

• Select a domain from the drop-down list and click Set to link the User's ALM and AD accounts.

## Groups

Groups define privileges for categories of Users. Using Groups, you can assign the same Roles and permissions to multiple Users.

Note: ALM Groups do **not** correspond to Active Directory Groups.

### **Creating Groups**

1. Using the left-hand navigation menu, click **PERSONNEL** and then click **Groups** to open the Groups page.



2. In the upper right-hand corner, click **Create Group**. The **Add group** window appears.

itep 1 of 2
Name *
Enter Name

- 3. Enter a Name for the new Group and click Next.
- 4. On the **Group Membership** window, choose the Users to add to the group by **checking** the box next to each name.

Add group	
Step 2 of 2	
Group Membership	
Search for user	
Alan Carroli	•
Alex Kaluski	
Approver	
Billy VanCannon	
Dan Ritch	
Enza Admin	
enza approver@mailinator.com	•
Previous Cancel Save Save and add anothe	

5. Click **Save** to create the Group. Click **Save and add another** to create the group and restart the process for another new Group.

### Managing Groups

To manage a group, click the Group name on the Groups page.

#### Working with Personnel

Personnel > Groups		
Q, Search	Status: Enabled 🗸 🗸	Create Group
NAME ^	ENABLED ~	荘
Engineering Team Leads	Yes	
Everyone	Yes	
Finance	Yes	

From the Manage Groups page, you can enable/disable the Group, add/remove Users, and add/remove Roles.

#### Enable/Disable Group

Enabling a group will give the Group's permissions to Users in the Group. Groups are enabled by default.

**Disabling** a group will remove the permissions Users are given from membership in the Group. Disabling will **not** disable the Users, only their permissions from the Group.

• To **enable** a Group, click the green switch so the dot points to **Yes**.

Name	Engineering Team Leads
Enabled	No Yes
Built In	No Yes

- To disable a group
  - Click the green switch so the dot points to No.
  - If the Group is attached to a Workflow Template, you will be given the option to **replace** the Group in the Workflow. Check the box next to the Group that will replace the Group you are disabling.

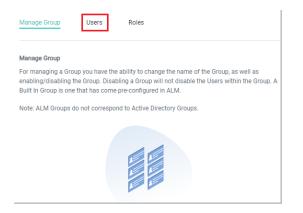
#### Working with Personnel

	Workflow Template	Approval Step	Minimum Required Approval
	Engineering Template (Auto-Expire)	Step 1	1
	Engineering Template	Step 1	1
			1-2 of 2 < >
ould you l	ike to replace this Group with another user	or group to fulfill the W	

• Click disable.

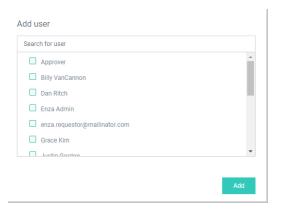
#### Add/Remove Users

To manage Users within the Group, click the Users tab next to Manage Group.



#### To add Users to the Group

- 1. Click Add User in the top-right corner.
- 2. On the Add user window, check the boxes next to the name(s) of Users to add to the group.



#### 3. Click Add

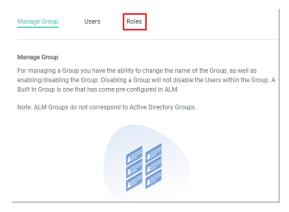
#### To remove Users from the Group

• Click the X to the right of the User's name.

5 Users in this Group	Add User
Q, Search	
NAME	ACTIONS
enza.approver@mailinator.com	×

## Add/Remove Roles

To manage Roles within the Group, click the **Roles** tab next to Manage Group.



#### To Add Roles to the Group

- 1. Click Add Role in the top-right corner.
- 2. On the Add role window, check the boxes next to the Role(s) to give to the Users in the Group.

#### Working with Personnel

Search for role						
ProvisionApprover	A					
Custom Role Demo						
Audit2						
ProvisionTest						
Auditor						
AccountOwner						
AL MEnging	•					

3. Click Add.

# To Remove Roles from the Group

• Click the X to the right of the Role.

3 Roles in this Group	Add Role
Q Search	
NAME	ACTIONS
new	×
TensorGate Operator Class 4	×
ProvisionRequestor	×

# **Create and Manage Roles**

Roles control privileges within ALM. To access the Role page, click **Personnel** in the left-hand menu and then click **Roles**.

Account Lifecycle Manager		Personnel > Roles			٥				
Home			•						
Q Alerts		Roles	oles						
Workflows					+ Create Role				
Integrations		31 items Search	Y Filters						
Rersonnel	^	NAME T	ENABLED	BUILTIN	Ŧ				
Users Groups									

# **Default Roles Provided by ALM**

ALM supplies several default Roles, as in the following table, that your organization may find adequate or may use as models for its own Roles development.

Note: Like ALM Groups, ALM Roles do **not** overlap with roles in Active Directory or other directory systems.

Default ALM Role	Permissions
Account Owner	Read managed Account
Provision Requester	Request a new Account
Provision Approver	Approve Requests
System Administrator	Authorize all Role types
	Create Workflow Templates
	Set up ALM Engines
	Perform ALM Integration with Active Directory
	Perform ALM Integration with Secret Server

## **Create Custom Roles**

You can create custom Roles to further control access within ALM. To create a new Role

- 1. Click Create Role in the upper right-hand corner of the Role page.
- 2. Enter a Name for the new Role and click Add to bring up the Manage Role page.
- 3. Click Add to bring up the Manage Role page.
- 4. From the Manage Role page, select the **Permissions** tab. Assign permissions to the Role by checking the boxes next to the privileges the Role should have within ALM. **Settings will update as you check the boxes. You do not need to click apply or save.**

Account Lifecycle Manager	Р	ersonnel > Roles > Googleintegrate								
Home Home		GoogleIntegr	GoogleIntegrate							
슈 Alerts		General Permissions								
Personnel		Permissions Features and Permissions dictate the areas of ALM that a User can access as well as the actions that can be performed. Use the grid to select the Features and Permissions careted to the Users or Users within the Groups assigned to this Role.								
Users Groups		17 items Search	7 Rems Energies							
Roles		FEATURE 1	CREATE	READ	UPDATE	DELETE	MANAGE	1		
🗹 Audit	~	API Tokens	0	0	0	0				
<> API	~	Audit	0	0		0	0			
\land Alert Settings	~	Configurations	0	0	0	0	0			
		Corrigoraciona	U	0	0	0	0			
II Reports		Domains	0	0	0	0	0			
ili Reports ல Configuration			_		_		_			

- 5. Select the **Users** tab and click **Add user** to bring up a list of available Users. Check the boxes next to the Users to assign to the Role and click **Add**.
- 6. On the **Groups** tab, click **Add group** to bring up a list of available Groups. Check the boxes next to the Groups that should include the Role and click **Add**.

## Manage Roles

Open the Role Details page for any role by clicking on the name of the Role to be managed.

Note: If you cannot find the Role you wish to manage, you may be viewing only enabled Roles. To filter Roles by All/Enabled/Disabled, click the **Status** drop-down and select the correct option.

Accoun Manage	t Lifecycle ar	Personnel > Roles > API - Account Manager		٥				
Home Home		API - Account Mar	API - Account Manager					
Q Alerts		General Permissions Users						
🖞 Workfl	ows	General Permissions Osers	Groups	_				
🖁 Integra	ations	Role Details						
Persor	nnel ^		Roles define the Features and Permissions that Users or Users within Groups are permitted. For managing a Role you have the ability to change the name of the Role, as well as enabling/disabling the Role. Disabling a Role will not disable the Users or					
Users		Groups within the Role. A Built In Role is a Active Directory Roles.	ne that has come pre-configured in ALM. Note: ALM Roles do not correspond to					
Groups	s							
Roles		Name	API - Account Manager					
🗹 Audit	~	Enabled	Yes					
<> API	~	BuiltIn	No					
\Lambda Alert S	ettings v	Automatically apply to new users	No					
Delinea	<							

Click Edit on any Role Details page (Permissions, Users, and Groups) to edit any of the available values on those pages. Click Save when complete.

### **Edit Role Permissions**

On the Permissions tab, assign permissions to the Role by checking the boxes next to the privileges the Role should have within ALM. Settings will update as you check the boxes. You will not need to click apply or save.

### Enable/Disable Role

Use the toggle on the right side of the screen to enable/disable the Role. Disabling will not delete the Role. Enabling the role will restore permissions to the Users with this role.

#### Edit Users

• On the **Users** tab, assign users to the Role by checking the boxes next to the users that will be assigned to the role. Then, click **Add**.

To remove a user from the role, click Remove next to that user in the list.

### **Edit Groups**

On the **Groups** tab, click **Add Groups**. At the Add Groups modal, assign groups to the Role by checking the boxes next to the groups that will be assigned to the role. Then, click **Add Groups**.

To remove a group from the role, click **Remove** next to that group in the list.

# **Audits**

The ALM audit information provides a proactive security strategy to prevent malicious activity and accidental data breaches. Audit logs are provided for:

- User Logs User logs monitor associated data objects, action performed, the role associated with the action, and the date and time stamp of the action.
- ALM Engine Logs ALM Engine Logs monitor the type of engine, associated messages and data and time stamp of the action.

# **User Logs**

- 1. Select Audit in the left navigation panel. Then, select Audits.
- As an option, select Export to export the audit logs as either a CSV or JSON file. In addition to the user details and actions, the Notes field updates with attributes when a record is created or updated. Updates include: managed accounts, requests, engines, vaults, pools, and domains.

### Configuration

Account Lifecycle Manager		Audit >					•
Home		Audits					
🔔 Alerts							
Workflows		Search	<b>V</b> Filters				Export ~
Integrations		10 items					± 0
Rersonnel	~	USER	TYPE	NAME	ACTION	NOTES †	DATE 🕹
		Manage Trainer	ManagedAccount	alpha.thycotic.com\AD	Updated	NotificationLevel, ReviewOn, SendNextNotificationOn	02/22/2024 2:02 PM (U
Audit	^	system	User	Kener Autogetalines co.	Sign In		02/22/2024 2:01 PM (UT
Audits		system	User	Carrolan Directi	Sign In		02/22/2024 1:58 PM (UT
ALM Engine Logs		system	ExternalDomain	enzadev.thycotic.com	Updated		02/22/2024 1:36 PM (UT
<> API	~	system	ExternalUser	ADDDL008932@enzade	Updated		02/22/2024 1:34 PM (UT
Oelinea	<	ALM Engine - c8c547dc	Integration	SS-QA	Updated		02/22/2024 1:30 PM (UT

3. Click any user entry in the table to display its Audit Details page.

\$	Account Lifecycle Manager		Audit > Audits > User - enza.system@mailinator.com - Sign In					
۵	Home		User - enza.system@mailinator.com - Sign In					
Û	Alerts		, Audit View	C C	<u> </u>			
٥	Workflows		Audit ID	f20c5fec-47b3-4307-be47-c9c6				
88	Integrations		Date	05/10/2022 9:02 AM (UTC-4)				
ŝ	Personnel	^	User	system				
	Users Groups		Туре	User				
	Roles		Name	enza.system@mailinator.com				
ß	Audit	^	Action	Sign In				
	Audits		Parameters	1				
	ALM Engine Logs			"EntityType": "User",				
$\diamond$	API	~		"EntityId": "lec@faal-53c4-4c77-9ba0-753b6ab30c37", "Action": "Sign In",				
♪	Alert Settings	~		"EntityName": "enza.system@mailinator.com", "ContextualData": { "ares": {				
di	Reports			"ProviderName": "AuthenticationTypes.Federation", "ProviderName": "20dd2109-1445-4f07-3012-4bc7a2edbaab",				
6	Configuration			"Email": "enza.system@mailinator.com", "DisplavName": "enza.system@mailinator.com"				
	Delinea	<		<pre>&gt;</pre>				

# ALM Engine Logs

- 1. Select Audit in the left navigation panel. Then, select ALM Engine Logs.
- 2. Click any ALM Engine in the table to display its Audit Details page.

# Configuration

Click **Configuration** in the left navigation panel to access the following settings for ALM:

- General Global settings to automatically create the user if they authenticate successfully with your OIDC provider and are not already a user in ALM
- Subscription Information regarding the type, date, users and engines for the subscription
- Licenses Information regarding any licenses applied

#### Configuration

SIEM - Allows management of SIEM integrations in the application

	Account Lifecycle Manager			٥
	Home		Configuration	
	Q Alerts		Ceneral Subscription Licenses SIEM ServiceNow	
	Workflows	-		
	Integrations		Global Settings	$\square$
_	Rersonnel	~	ALM can automatically create the user if they authenticate successfully with your OIDC provider and are not already a user in ALM. They will be added to Built-in ALM Roles and Groups as well as ALM Roles that are	Edit
•	🗹 Audit	~	automatically assigned to new users.	
	<> API	~	Automatically Create Users on Login No	
	\land Alert Settings	~		
	II Reports			
	Configuration			
	Delinea	<		

# Integrate with Other Applications

Continue setup by integrating with other services/applications that your organization will use.

ALM Supports Integrations with:

SIEM Services

# **SIEM Integration**

ALM supports integration with security information and event management (SIEM) tools. The following is a list of events that can be sent to SIEM:

Event	Description
Account Owner Changed	A managed account has had an owner added or removed.
Account Provisioned	An account was successfully provisioned.
Account Requires Renewal	An account is up for renewal.
Account Secret ID Changed	An account's secret ID was changed.
End of Life Notification	An account's End of Life action will be taken in a number of days.
External Groups Disabled	Some groups in the domain were disabled in ALM during the last domain sync.
New External User	Accounts have been added since the last sync and are not being managed by ALM.
New Synced User	Sent a new user welcome email.

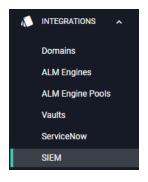
# Configuration

Event	Description
Provision Approval Step Changed	A provision step requires approval.
Provision State Changed	A request failed to provision.
Provision Template State Changed	A provision template was updated to a new state.
Remote Worker Integration Access Error	A remote worker cannot access the configured domain.
Request State Changed	The state of a request has changed.
User Disabled by AD User Sync	The last Active Directory Sync disabled a number of users.
Any Audit Record	All audits are sent to SIEM.

# Creating a SIEM Integration

To create a new integration:

1. Click **Integrations** on the left-hand navigation menu and select **SIEM**.



2. Click Create SIEM Integration in the top right-hand corner to bring up the Add SIEM Integration window.

Add SIEM Integration		
Enter Name		
Engine Pool		
Choose Engine Pool		~
Server *		
Enter server		
	Cancel	Add

3. Enter a Name for the integration.

- 4. Choose an **Engine Pool** for the integration.
- 5. Enter the Server URL where ALM will send data.
- 6. Click Add to bring up the Manage SIEM Integration page.

Manage SIEM Integration			Test SIEM Integration
Manage SIEM Integration	Name	Test SIEM	Ed
For managing SIEM integrations.	Engine Pool	enzadev	Ed
2	Server Port Protocol	Indus V www.calidanbaien i'n equalisan6595 com 514 UDP	Ec
	Output Type	Syslog	Ed
	Enabled	Yes	No 🛑 Ye

7. On the Manage SIEM Integration page, click Edit to change the values for each section.

Note: The Port and Protocol automatically fill with default values. Make sure to change the values to match your server settings. The Output Type defaults to Syslog. It can be changed to JSON or CEF.

- 8. Set the **Enabled** toggle to **Yes** to activate the SIEM integration.
- 9. When the integration is configured, click **Test SIEM Integration** in the upper right-hand corner. Clicking will immediately send ALM data to your chosen server.

#### **Deleting a SIEM Integration**

Any of the currently configured SEIM integrations, listed on the Integrations > SIEM page, can be deleted. To refine the list of currently configured integrations, use the Search field to locate a specific configuration. Use the **Filters** drop-down to restrict the list to **AII**, **Disabled**, or **Enabled** configurations, as well as a specified **Search Term**.

To delete an existing SIEM configuration:

- 1. Click the SIEM configuration to be deleted.
- 2. At the Manage SIEM Integration page, click Delete. A message indicating that the configuration has been

#### **Alert Settings**

deleted is displayed.

Integrations > SIEM > SIEMtest2		۵ ک
Manage SIEM Integration Edit		Test SIEM Integration Delete
	Name *	SIEMtest2
	Enabled	Yes
	Engine Pool *	test
	Server *	10.60.20.19
	Port *	530
	Protocol	UDP
	Output Type	JSON

# **Alert Settings**

Select Alert Settings in the left navigation panel.

0	Account Lifecycle Manager	A	lert Settings > Email Templates			Δ
6	Home		Email Templates			
Û	Alerts		Email remplates			
Ľ	Workflows					
88	Integrations		26 items Search	<b>V</b> Filters		
0	Personnel	~	NAME 1	ENABLED	LAST MODIFIED	+
	Audit	J	Account End of Lifecycle Reminder	No	02/11/2022 4:16 PM (UTC-5)	
ت	Addit	Ť	Account Lifecycle Ended Remind	Yes	04/25/2019 4:08 PM (UTC-4)	
$\langle \rangle$	API	~	Account Owner Changed	Yes	08/22/2019 4:31 AM (UTC-4)	_
	Alert Settings	~	Account owner onlanged	165	002212013 4-31 AM (01C-4)	_
	Norcourings		Account Provisioned	Yes	03/21/2019 10:19 AM (UTC-4)	
di	Reports		Account Provisioning Failed	Yes	04/15/2019 1:51 PM (UTC-4)	
¢	Configuration		Account Renewal	Yes	03/12/2019 3:53 PM (UTC-4)	
	Delinea	<	Accounts Added	Yes	10/16/2019 3:33 PM (UTC-4)	

Alerts can be configured to be triggered by any of the following:

- Email Templates
- Webhooks
- Webhook Authorization

# Alerts for Email Templates

Administrators and Users with **Email Template Permissions** can modify and enable/disable emails that are generated and sent automatically by ALM. To modify an **Email Template**:

1. Navigate to **Alert Settings** and click **Email Templates**. The Templates are named after the event in ALM that will trigger the Email.

\$	Account Lifecycle Manager		Alert Settings > Email Templates			•
6	Home		Email Templates			
Û	Alerts		Email remplated			
Ľ	Workflows					
88	Integrations		26 items Search	Y Hiters		
0	Personnel	~	NAME 1	ENABLED	LAST MODIFIED	<u>+</u>
	Audit	~	Account End of Lifecycle Reminder	No	02/11/2022 4:16 PM (UTC-5)	
_		Ť	Account Lifecycle Ended Remind	Yes	04/25/2019 4:08 PM (UTC-4)	
<>	API	ř	Account Owner Changed	Yes	08/22/2019 4:31 AM (UTC-4)	
≙	Alert Settings	^	Account Provisioned	Yes	03/21/2019 10:19 AM (UTC-4)	_
	Email Templates		Account Provisioning Failed	Yes	04/15/2019 1:51 PM (UTC-4)	_
	Webhook Authori	zatio		103	04/07203 POT M (010 4)	
	Webhooks		Account Renewal	Yes	03/12/2019 3:53 PM (UTC-4)	
	)elinea	<	Accounts Added	Yes	10/16/2019 3:33 PM (UTC-4)	
	Jelinea	-				

- 2. Click the name of the Template to bring up the Manage Email Template page. From here you can:
  - Change the **Subject** line of the Email.
  - Change the **Body** of the Email. Use the **Parameters** variables to customize the message. You can add the Parameters by retyping them or clicking **insert**.
- 3. Enable or Disable the Email using the toggle.
- 4. Click Save when you are finished.

# Alerts for Webhooks

ALM allows Administrators and Users with Webhook Permissions to set up custom integrations using webhooks.

### **Creating a Webhook**

To create a webhook:

- 1. Navigate to Alert Settings and click Webhooks.
- 2. In the upper right-hand corner, click Create Webhook to bring up the Add Webhook window.

#### **Alert Settings**

escription *	
Line becomption	
Event	
Choose an event	~

- 3. Enter a description of the webhook.
- 4. Choose the **Event** within ALM that will trigger the webhook.
- 5. Click Save to bring up the Manage Webhook page.
- 6. On the **Manage Webhook** page, enter the complete **Callback** URL. The **Message Body** shows the data that will be sent to the URL.
- 7. Set the **Enabled** toggle to **Yes** to activate the webhook. Leave the toggle on **No** to keep the webhook inactive. It can be enabled later from this page.
- 8. (Optional) Once you have enabled the webhook, the **Test Webhook** button will appear in the upper right-hand corner. Click **Test Webhook** to send a test call to the callback URL.

Manage Webhook	Webhook History	Test Webhook
----------------	-----------------	-----------------

9. (Optional) Add **Authorization** to the webhook by clicking Edit and selecting the corresponding authorization from the drop-down. You can also adjust the authorization header for the callback URL of the webhook. *If you have not previously configured Webhook Authorization, see the section below. If needed, you can save the webhook and return later to add authorization.* 

#### **Alert Settings**

Manage Webhook Webh	look History		
Manage Webhook	Description	Account Provisioned for proprietary SIEM	Edit
For managing webhooks.	Event	Account Provisioned	
	Callback URL	POST	Edit
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Authorization ⑦		Edit
	Headers		
	Message Body	<pre>{     "requestId": "\${requestId}",     "requesterId": "\${requesterId]"     "requestUr11": "\${requestUr11",     "accountId": "\${accountId",     "\$accountUr1": "\${accountUr1}" }</pre>	
	Engine Pool	Default	Edit
	Enabled	No	No Yes
	Last Modified	11/19/2020 7:36 AM (UTC-6)	

- 10. Click Save to create the webhook.
- 11. Once the webhook is created and enabled, you can view its usage details from the **Webhook History** tab at the top of the page.

# Alerts for Webhook Authorization

You can enable Webhook authentication using Webhook Authorization. To create a new Webhook Authorization:

- 1. From the left-hand navigation menu, click Webhook Authorizations.
- 2. In the top-right corner, click Create Webhook Authorization.
- 3. Enter a Name and select an Authentication Type. ALM currently supports Basic and OAuth authentication. Click Save to bring up the Manage Webhook Authorization page.

~
ar

4. On the Manage Webhook Authorization page, enter:

- The **URL** of the authentication server.
- The **Content Type** of the message.
- The **Token Map** that points to the location of the authentication token within the server response.
- The Authentication ID and Authentication Secret that will log in to the authentication server.
- Message Body displays the contents of the authorization message. Use Insert to add tags from Authentication ID and Authentication Secret to the body. You can create lines in the message by clicking Add Value. Remove a value by clicking the minus (-) to the right of the value field.

Manage Webhook Authorization			
Manage Webhook Authorization For managing webhook authorizations.	Name	Test Authorization	Edit
	Authentication Type	Basic	Edit
	Url	https://exampleauthorizationurl.com	Edit
	Content Type	application/json	Edit
	Token Map	example/path	Edit
	Authentication ID	userID	Edit
	Authentication Secret	******	
	Message Body	(	Edit
		\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}\${auth_secret}}	

6. When you are finished with each section, click **Submit**. Each section is saved automatically after submission.

# ALM Administration

ALM Administration involves the following administrative tasks.

- Importing and migrating Accounts
- Creating Requests
- Approving or Denying Requests
- Creating and managing Workflows
- Calibrating the <u>ALM engine</u>
- Service Account Migration Tool
- Configuring Alert Settings such as Email Templates and Webhooks
- Managing Personnel (Users, Groups, and Roles)
- Defining Configuration Settings

# Calibrating the ALM Engine

To use the ALM Engine Calibration tool:

- 1. Go to the Vaults page.
- 2. Select the Vault for which you need an active ALM Engine connection to be established.
- 3. On the Vault Details page, go to the ALM Engines tab.
- 4. Click Calibration.

This will queue a **ALM Engine Calibration Job** and prompt a modal dialog stating:

• ALM Engine Calibration started, this may take several minutes to complete.

The ALM Engine Calibration Job connects with the ALM Engines, tasking each one to authenticate with the Secret Server Vault you selected. The Calibration Job keeps track of which ALM Engines successfully authenticate to the Vault, creating a list of ALM Engines known to have access to that Secret Server.

- That list populates a table on the ALM Engines tab of the Vault Details page.
- ALM Engines that did not authenticate will not appear on the list.
- If no ALM Engine authenticated, the Vault Details page will indicate that "No ALM Engines calibrated to integration."

An ALM Engines Calibration Job runs as part of any Scheduled Sync for a Vault, with the list of successfully authenticating ALM Engines updating on completion of the sync job.

# Service Account Discovery Tool

This free tool helps assess the level of risk associated with your inventory of service accounts in AD by connecting to Windows machines across your network and scanning for local and service account usage.

To download the tool visit the Free IT Tool section of the Delinea website.

## Prerequisites

The Service Account Discovery Tool supports Windows 7, 8, 8.1, and 10.

The machine on which it executes must have Microsoft's .NET Framework 4.5.1 or higher.

In order to scan for service accounts, the account entered must be a domain account that is in the Administrators Group on the target machines. Using a domain admin account to run the tool will often be sufficient for scanning your network.

These steps will ensure the account has the appropriate privileges to run a successful scan.

- Open the Group Policy editor for your domain policy.
- Go to Computer Configuration > Preferences > Control Panel Settings.
- Right-click Local Users and Groups and select New > Local Group.

<u> </u>	Group Policy Mana	gement	Editor		_	D X
File Action View Help	i 🖬 💿 🔸					
Default Domain Controllers Policy [THY6:  Computer Configuration  P Policies  Preferences	🕵 Local l	Jser	s and Gro			
<ul> <li>→ Fielder Options</li> <li>→ Windows Settings</li> <li>→ Outo Sources</li> <li>→ Data Sources</li> <li>→ Devices</li> <li>→ Folder Options</li> <li>→ Folder Options</li> <li>→ Dolaises</li> <li>→ Proferences</li> <li>→ Preferences</li> </ul>	Processing   Local User  Local Group  Contemport  Cont	*	Name	Order 1	Action Update	Full Name N/A
			< 111			>
< III >	Preferences (Extended)	Standard )	/			
Add a new local user item	/(20000020//					

- Leave the Action value set as Update.
- For Group name: use the drop-down menu to select Administrators (Built-in).

	Local Group Member
Member	
Name:	LLAMA\thycotic_svc
Action:	Add to this group V
	OK Cancel

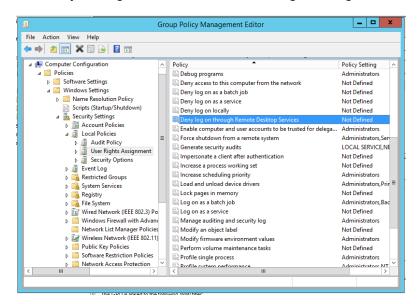
Click Add... and search for the account you will use for Discovery scanning.

1	New Local Group Properties
٩	Local Group Common
	Action: Update V
r	Group name: Administrators (built-in) v
	Rename to:
	Description:
4	Delete all member users
1	Delete all member groups
	Members:
e	Name Action SID
	LLAMA\thycotic_svc ADD S-1-5-21-1773
	< III >
	Add Remove Change
	OK Cancel Apply Help

 Click OK to save your changes. The next time the Group policy updates across your environment, the Discovery Account will be part of the Local Administrators Group.

For the best security, configure Group Policy to limit the login privileges of that account:

In the Group Policy editor for your domain policy, go to Computer Configuration > Policies > Windows Settings > Security Settings > Local Policies > User Rights Assignment.



Add your Discovery account to the Deny log on locally and Deny log on through Remote Desktop Services policies at right.

#### ALM Administration

Deny log on locally Properties ? ×	
Security Policy Setting Explain	
Deny log on locally	
✓ Define these policy settings:	
LLAMA\thycotic_svc	
Add User or Group Remove	
OK Cancel Apply	
	Security Policy Setting Explain  Peny log on locally  Pefine these policy settings:  LLAMA\thycotic_svc  Add User or Group  Remove

• Optional: make sure that the account is not part of the Remote Desktop Users Group.

### Ports

The Discovery scan makes use of several ports to connect to the target Windows machines to scan them for local and service account usage.

Traffic Type	Ports Used
RPC Dynamic Port Range	1025-5000, 49152-65535
Microsoft DS	445
epmap	135

The RPC Dynamic Port ranges are a range of ports utilized by Microsoft's Remote Procedure Callback (RPC) functionality. This port range varies by operating system. For Windows Server 2008 or greater, this port range is 49,152 to 65,535. This entire port range must be open for RPC technology to work.

## Walkthrough

After downloading the Discovery Tool, unzip it and run **ThycoticServiceAccountRiskSnapshotAnalyzer.exe** or, if you prefer, rename the executable file to something easier to type, and then run it.

#### **Domain Credentials**

The scanner will first prompt for credentials and the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) of the domain you would like to scan. Use the credentials you configured earlier.

- These will be used for scanning, but the scanner tool does not save them for subsequent use.
- When you have provided the credentials, use the **Next** control to proceed.

If the scanner cannot reach the domain or the credentials are not valid, it will state that it cannot connect to the domain with supplied credentials.

th	ycotic		×
	VICE ACCOUNT RIS WINDOWS	SK SNAPSHOT	
DOMAI	N CREDENTIALS SCAN SETTINGS	DISCOVER ACCOUNTS	
	For best results, this account sh you'd like to scan. See the <u>User</u>	ould have local admin rights on machines <u>Guide</u> for details.	
	Domain Name	mydomain.local	]
	User Name		
	Password		
		→ Next	
	Want to bring governan	ce to your service accounts?	1.2.0.0

thycotic	×
SERVICE ACCOUNT RISK SNAPSHOT FOR WINDOWS	
DOMAIN CREDENTIALS SCAN SETTINGS DISCOVER ACCOUNTS	
Where do you want to scan? Entire Domain	~
r Next	
Want to bring governance to your service accounts?	1.2.0.0

In that case, check your credentials or use different credentials.

### **Scan Settings**

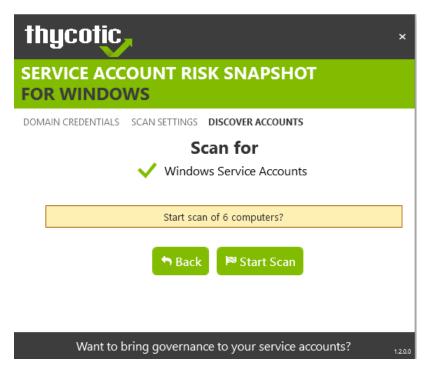
The scanner allows you to choose whether to discover accounts across the entire domain or only accounts in a specific OU. Scanning a specific OU will limit the number of computers the tool investigates.

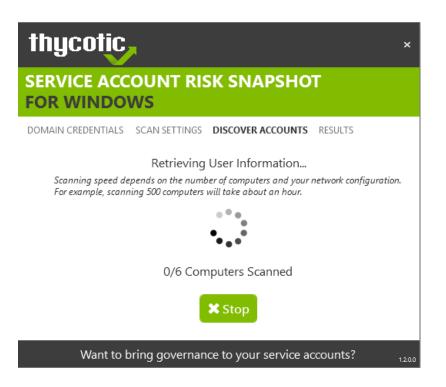
#### **Discovering Accounts**

Before you start the scan, review the number of computers the discovery tool retrieved from Active Directory based on what OU or domain you chose to scan. If the numbers seem ballpark, click **Start Scan**. If you think the number of computers to be scanned seems improbably high, consult your IT support staff for guidance.

While the scan runs, you will see the number of computers scanned progress. You can stop the scan at any point and generate the reports based off of the accounts discovered so far.

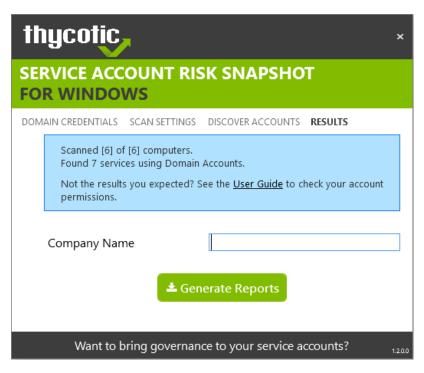
The time to complete the scan will vary based on network latency, the number of machines, and how many machines actually exist. Testing in a large environment resulted in a scan of approximately 1,000 Windows machines in slightly under an hour.





## Results

Once the scan completes, you can generate the Executive Summary report and the detailed CSV reports. Just enter a company name and click **Generate Reports**.



The reports will be created in the folder you select. They consist of two files.

#### Reports

File	Description
ThycoticServiceAccountRiskSnapshot.html	Summary report of findings
ThycoticServiceAccountRiskSnapshot.pdf	Summary report of findings

# FAQ

Q: Why doesn't the inventory report show results for all machines in my domain?

A: If there were any issues connecting to a machine, such as network connectivity, insufficient permissions, or closed ports, the machine will not show up in the results. You can investigate the scan log located in the tool folder's **log** subfolder, which will contain errors for machines that couldn't be scanned.

Q: How long will it take to scan my domain?

**A:** The time to discover accounts will vary depending on network latency and number of machines that respond. A test environment of approximately 1,000 Windows machines took 50 minutes. We recommend testing out your scan first on a smaller OU to get a sense of time and results before scanning a larger OU or your full domain.

Q: The PDF report has inconsistent margins or page breaks.

**A:** Some display drivers or screen resolutions can cause these PDF defects. Run the scan from a different machine or use the HTML version. The HTML file contains the same information as the PDF.

Q: Where can I download the free tool?

A: The Service Account Discovery Tool, along with other Free IT Tools, can be found on the Delinea website here

# Reports

The ALM application provides a set of predefined reports, each of which runs an associated built-in SQL query to produce easy displayed results.

Report	Description			
Accounts Created Over Time	This report provides a list of all accounts created in the application.			
Accounts Missing Secret	Any managed accounts that are missing secrets (Secret Server, Azure Key Vault or AWS Secrets Manager) are presented.			
All Managed AccountsThis report lists accounts specific to a Workflow Template (with a secondary sort a alphabetically for each template).				
<b>Expiring Accounts</b> Any account that have an Expiration Date will appear in this report.				
Orphaned Accounts	Any account that does not have at least one active User or Group assigned as an Account Owner are listed in this report.			

1. On the left navigation panel, click Reports.

Note: Users must have read rights to view Reports.

2. Click the entry that corresponds to the desired report. The results from the query are displayed on the reports screen. The example below shows an Accounts Missing Secret report.

41 items	Search		Filters Search Term:	Reset
NAME	STATUS	REVIEW ON	Search	
enzadev.thyce	otic • Expired	05/26/2019	End of Lifecycle	✓ Disable ✓ Expire
enzadev.thyce	otic • Active	06/21/2019	Review Status	
enzadev.thyce	otic • Active	06/21/2019	✓ All ✓ Deleted	<ul> <li>Active</li> <li>Deleting</li> </ul>
enzadev.thyce	otic • Expiring Failure	12/23/2019	<ul> <li>Deleting Failure</li> <li>Deleting User Failed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Deleting Secret Failed</li> <li>Disabled</li> </ul>
enzadev.thyce	otic • Renew Submitted	12/23/2019	<ul> <li>Disabling</li> <li>Enabling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disabling Failure</li> <li>Enabling Failure</li> </ul>
testparent.thy	vcot • Expiring Failure	02/09/2020	<ul> <li>Expired</li> <li>Expiring Failure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Expiring</li> <li>Renew Rejected</li> </ul>
testparent.thy	vcot • Active	02/14/2020	<ul> <li>Renew Submitted</li> <li>Show All Managed Accounts</li> </ul>	Retrying
testparent.thy	vcot • Active	02/14/2020	Created On Date	
testparent.thy	rcot • Active	02/14/2020		Cancel Apply

3. Use the options available in the Filters modal to tailor the display of accounts presented in the report.

# **Release Notes**

As cloud updates become available to all users upon release, the current version is the only version available. Delinea periodically updates Account Lifecycle Manager as we introduce additional features, and provide fixes and improvements. This article tracks those changes.

# Account Lifecycle Manager: Change Log

Update	Notes
May 2024	improvement: Added the ability to update a Managed Account's End Of Life Date if all account owners have been disabled. This setting can be found under the Ownership tab of the Workflow template.
	improvement: Added a setting on the ALM AD sync to only update ALM Users on sync. When enabled, this will not create new ALM users on sync. This can't be used in conjunction with JIT user-creation, so users are only created at login.
	fix: Fixed account prefixes not being applied to service account names.
February	improvement: The account Description can now be edited when renewing a Managed Account.
2024	improvement: Audit records now display the old and new values for fields in the Audit Details page. The Audit list page now shows a searchable Notes column that lists the fields that were modified.
	improvement: Managed Accounts no longer create audit records when checking the Active Directory account status if there are no changes.
	improvement: Upgraded the ALM platform to Angular 17 and .NET 8.0
	fix: Fixed security vulnerabilities in Docker Compose and the Docker image used by SQL Server.
	fix: Deprecated the Engine configuration website.
May 2023	improvement: Submitting a request is more intuitive. Required fields are indicated by an asterisk (*) and draft requests are indicated by "Not started," indicating that approval is not yet pending.
	fix: Resolved an issue where the domain sync fails when the ALM Engine does not have permission to access the distinguishedName property of an Organizational Unit.
	fix: Fixed an issue with bulk renew. The Account Owner role has access to <b>Start Bulk Renew</b> and can bulk renew service accounts ready to be renewed.
	fix: An issue with setting up a Secret Server vault through the ALM engine has been resolved.
September 2022	fix: Resolved an issue that prohibited groups from being added when creating an AWS request with a template.
	fix: Delinea branding is now applied in the New Synced User Welcome email template.
	fix: Resolved an issue where the Everyone group was being removed from built-in roles.
	fix: Resolved an issue that cause a workflow group to be deleted from the previous template when creating a new template.

#### **Release Notes**

Update	Notes
August 2022	fix: Resolved an issue that inhibited the display of menu items in the left navigation panel for browser language settings other than English. Menu items now correctly display for any language setting.
	fix: Fixed an issue preventing the ALM self-hosted version from loading the UI.
	fix: Fixed an issue where accounts that have been removed from a LDAP or AzureAD domain were mistakenly included in an email alerting system administrators to accounts created without using ALM after each domain sync.
	Note: Going forward, domains must be manually synced if they are not regularly scheduled.
May 2022	improvement: The visual appearance and functionality of the UI has been updated to represent our <u>Delinea company brand</u> .
	improvement: For ease of referencing, the user experience for Amazon Web Services (AWS) now combines all AWS resources into a single <b>Resources</b> tab on the Domains page. The new <b>Resources</b> tab includes information for users, groups, and policies.
	improvement: To streamline account management, account migration, renewal, and discovery are accessed from the accounts Home page.
	improvement: Bulk Renew allows multiple accounts to be selected and renewed in one action.
	improvement: Added ability to dynamically add trusted origins for fixing CORS-related issues upon request. Speak with a Delinea support or sales representative and your origin will be added to the list of trusted origins.
	fix: Fixed an issue where accounts were being deleted with an AD domain sync.

Update	Notes
February 2022	improvement: When there are more than 10 external group completion items in a sync, they are now combined into a single auditing entry into the audit database table.
	fix: Resolved the issue with Workflow Template migration not working for discovered ALM accounts.
	fix: Resolved the issue of not being able to set the AD attribute msTSExpireDate.
	fix: Fixed an issue that required a manual (second) sync after adding a new Secret Server Vault.
	fix: Secrets for accounts in an external domain now successfully sync with a ManagedAccountSecret in ALM and create the secrets in the newly managed account.
	fix: Worfklow Templates that included more than 15 Secret Server folders will now display all folders on the requests screen.
January 2022	improvement: Overall performance improvements of the application through various back-end enhancement and fixes.
	improvement: Usability improvement, providing an increased data range display for managed account history. The data range is configurable to meet individual business needs. Default: 90 days, min/max setting: Today/Show All.
	fix: Corrected an issue where the account URL on an email template incorrectly showed all managed accounts.
December 2021	feature: Added the ability to sort and filter Managed Accounts by Workflow Template. Additionally, a Report displaying all Managed accounts is now added.
	improvement: Updated the User page to allow unlinking an Active Directory or Azure Active Directory domain from an ALM User.
	fix: Validation no longer fails when attributes are defined as read-only on the template.
	fix: An issue is resolved for accounts not renewing when the account name is set incorrectly through the API. This affected accounts with an updated name in the format accountname@domain.com.
	fix: When defining a Workflow Template for SAP, folders now display correctly.
	fix: An issue with the <b>Renew</b> button not being enabled immediately after an end of lifecycle event is addressed.

Update	Notes
November 2021	feature: Google Cloud Platform Service Account Provisioning is now available in ALM. This gives ALM the ability to manage the lifecycle around GCP IAM service accounts, as well as assign roles and permissions.
	improvement: A <b>Delete</b> button is added that allows the user to delete an existing SIEM configuration.
	improvement: The <b>Webhook URL</b> field and <b>Webhook Authorizations URL</b> field no longer require HTTPS validation, however, the URL field cannot be blank.
	fix: A nightly automated task is set to find any account that is stuck in the Retrying status and attempt to place it back into the appropriate actionable state. A bug existed in this logic that was accepting "Retrying" as an actionable state. This is fixed.
	fix: The Accounts Missing Secrets report now only reports Managed accounts missing secrets.
	fix: A bug was introduced that caused the nightly refresh of managed accounts to fail. This refresh updates ALM to match the Enabled/Lockout (where applicable) states, as well as account attributes that are being tracked by ALM to reflect the values present on the domain where the managed account resides. This is resolved with Patch 3.9.1 and the nightly refreshes are now working as expected.
October 2021	improvement: Using the Account Migration Wizard, the ability to update Active directory attributes directly on the accounts in AD is now available. Administrators can also move existing accounts to different workflow templates or between different versions of a template.
	improvement: When accounts are added via Discovery, administrators receive email alerts.
	improvement: When authenticating to AWS Secrets Manager using an EC2 instance, ALM does not need to store the credentials as Authentication is handled directly in AWS.
	improvement: The <b>Description</b> field on Account Requests has been renamed to <b>Account</b> <b>Description</b> and is now required. The <b>Justification/Reason</b> field is no longer displayed for a Managed Account.
	fix: Request rejected for accounts with longer than 20 characters in the name. This issue is resolved.
	fix: Managed accounts now allow editing the secret after account creation.

Update	Notes
September 2021	improvement: AWS IAM Account Provisioning adds the ability to provision and manage AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) accounts and groups in ALM. Additionally, the ability to sync Users, Groups and Policies is available.
	fix: Users are now able delete a managed account when they have the sys admin role directly or via group membership.
	fix: When working with Managed Accounts, users no longer remain in the Retrying Status.
	fix: The Audits page no longer generates an API error.
August 2021	improvement: Workflow Groups can now be assigned from the Groups page.
	improvement: Added the ability to customize recipients for email templates.
	improvement: Domains can now be permanently deleted.
	fix: When saving a domain/vault sync, the time will now save correctly as UTC.
	fix: A rare bug preventing LDAP synced accounts from being deleted or disabled is resolved.
	fix: RegEx validation now prevents space characters from being added to the end of account names.
July 2021	improvement: Account Request forms now show the email addresses associated with the requester's ALM account.
	improvement: On the Workflow Templates page, deprecated templates are now filtered by default.
	improvement: On the users page, the role tab editing workflow is updated.
	fix: On requests, a default secret folder is no longer selected in the case of folder override or multiple selected folders.
	fix: Approvals now function as intended with ServiceNow authentication.
	fix: A rare bug causing an "Access Denied" pop-up on the Approvals page has been resolved.
June 2021	improvement: ALM now supports the latest version of SNOW (Paris).
Release 2	fix: Fixed small, non-critical bugs for enhanced performance and user experience.

Update	Notes
June 2021 Release 1	improvement: Updated Account Lifecycle Managers UI framework for an improved look and feel in the application.
	feature: ALM now supports Azure AD role sync.
May 2021	feature: ALM now integrates with HashiCorp Vault.
April 2021	improvement: Minor enhancements and improvements.
March 2021	feature: ALM now integrates with Azure Key Vault and AWS Secrets Manager.
	improvement: UI updates throughout ALM.
February 2021	feature: The <u>Account Migration</u> page allows administrators to change the workflow template, review interval, lifecycle end date, and owners of an existing service account.
	improvement: Workflow templates include the option to hide the names of approvers from requesters.
	improvement: Workflow templates include the option to allow a requester to choose sub- organization units within a designated folder.
	improvement: Webhooks can now be tested from the Webhook Management page.
January 2021	feature: The <u>SIEM integrations</u> page allows administrators to integrate ALM with SIEM applications.
	improvement: Updated UI for webhook authorization, workflow templates, account discovery, and custom HTTP headers.
	improvement: Administrators can specify the maximum number of service account owners when creating a template.

Update	Notes
December 2020	feature: The <u>webhook authorization</u> page allows administrators and users with webhook permissions to add authentication to webhooks.
	improvement: Administrators and users with webhook permissions can add custom HTTP headers to webhooks.
	improvement: When creating or editing an Active Directory template, administrators can restrict users from changing passwords.
	improvement: When creating a workflow template, administrators can define a regex check on Service Account names.
	improvement: When a Secret Server vault sync is run, ALM will search for managed accounts without a SecretID.
November	improvement: Updated UI for managing Roles in ALM.
2020	improvement: Account rejection explanation appears on the Request details page.
	improvement: Requestors can specify a reason for requesting an account renewal.
	fix: The configuration tab on a Managed Account now updates and reloads automatically after updating a SecretID.
October 2020	First general availability release of ALM Self-Hosted.
September 2020	feature: ServiceNow Requests - ALM's ServiceNow integration will now support submitting ALM Requests via ServiceNow. This update presents the opportunity for users of ALM and ServiceNow to handle both the Requests and Approval process directly within ServiceNow. Requests can be made for Active Directory and AzureAD accounts.
	Note: Customers that already have the ALM ServiceNow application installed in ServiceNow must update to latest version.
	feature: AzureAD Group Synchronization - ALM now has the ability select AzureAD Groups from a connected Azure Domain and have them synchronized with ALM. This allows the users to leverage existing AzureAD accounts for establishing the userbase for ALM. Any changes made in AzureAD for Groups enabled in the synchronization will automatically updated in ALM, upon the completion of the determined synchronization schedule.

Update	Notes
August 2020	feature: Inbox - Provides in-app notifications within ALM. Inbox is comprised of three categories of notifications which allows a user to see notifications relevant to their Role and Accounts within ALM.
	feature: ALM Engine Local Account Support - Support for the ALM Engine to allow for a local machine account to run the service.
	feature: Orphaned Accounts - Set of controls to prevent accounts going without at least one active User or Group assigned as Account Owner.
July 2020	feature: Managed Account Dependencies - Ability for ALM to display the dependencies associated with managed accounts. This is pulled from the Secret Server secret into ALM during the Vault sync.
	feature: Vault Sync - : Sync functionality updated to allow ad-hoc sync of the vault, as well as enable dependency synchronization.
	improvement: Tool tips and assisting text added to UI to support aspects of gMSA Workflow Template configuration in ALM.
	improvement: Dashboard page updated to provide more room for widgets.
June 2020	feature: Group Managed Service Accounts (gMSA) Support - A group Managed Service Account (gMSA) provides the same functionality within the domain but also extends that functionality over multiple servers. ALM adds support in the form of the ability to control the lifecycle of gMSA's.
	improvement: Reason Column on Approvals Table - Approvers are provided the account request reason directly in the Approvals table, for easier access and expedited review.
	improvement: Renewal Status in Managed detail screen - To make it easier for Account Owners to view renewal request status, a link is added in the Account Status row for the ability to navigate from the Managed Account detail page to the request for further detail.
May 2020	beta feature: ServiceNow Integration - Ability to reject an ALM Request in ServiceNow. Note: New version of ServiceNow ALM app must be installed.
	improvement: Added the ability to select rows to be displayed in any table in ALM.

Update	Notes
April 2020	beta feature: ServiceNow Integration - Provides a integration to from ALM, to ServiceNow, for reviewing and approving requests made in ALM.
	feature: EOL OU Retirement - For the use case of keeping Organization Units (OUs) organized and manageable, this feature offers the option to select which OU an account is sent to when ALM disables the account at the end of its determined lifecycle.
	improvement: Webhook History - A tab in UI of the Webhooks pages allows Administrators and Users with the necessary permissions to view the activity history of a given webhook.
March 2020	feature: Azure Active Directory Support - ALM extends its directory service support to include Azure AD. This allows ALM to manage accounts located in Azure AD
	feature: Onboarding Assistance - Users that are synced into ALM from Active Directory will receive an automated email to assist with onboarding the user to ALM.
February	improvement: Left navigation menu styling update.
2020	improvement: Update to the design and layout of the Group detail pages.
	fix: ALM Engine UI configurator tool now launches after the ALM Engine installer finishes.
January 2020	feature: ALM Engine Configuration launches a local web page upon completion of the ALM Engine installer. The tool assists with testing the setup.
	improvement: General application performance enhancements. Enhancements to the Audit log load time.
	improvement: Update to the Managed Account feature which allows a permission set to allow Users with an assigned Custom Role to see all Managed Accounts in ALM.

#### **Release Notes**

Update	Notes
December 2019	improvement: increased Secret Server support with DSV is now a vault option for managed accounts
	improvement: syncing features improved via consolidation of formerly separate syncs to run as a single operation
	improvement: new tool allows selection of a specific AD Group for its AD Accounts to be imported and then synced on a schedule
	improvement: new built-in ALM Group "Everyone" includes all ALM Users; applies new built-in Role of "Account Owner" that lets users see their assigned accounts
	improvement: the Remote Worker renamed ALM Engine for clarity; beta features previewed in November continue to be available in December as they mature
	improvement: new UI detailing on Left Panel Wizards and certain detail pages creates more context and helps customers navigate
November 2019	improvement: the Active Directory Account Discovery tool now supports New Account Notification to help ensure all AD accounts benefit from ALM governance tools
	improvement: new ALM Engine Calibration feature automates the determination of what ALM Engines have access to what Vaults and AD farms
	improvement: tabbed interface for Vault Details page brings improved usability
	a beta tool: a new tool for ALM Engine Configuration, intended to streamline the processes related to setting up ALM Engines, is accessible in this update

#### References

Update	Notes
October 2019	improvement: new Active Directory Account Discovery tool supports bringing any or all service accounts under the management of ALM
	improvement: System Administrators can select the frequency at which domains automatically sync with ALM, plus commit on-demand sync
	improvement: Workflow Templates let System Administrators define account name prefixes to conform accounts provisioned by ALM to naming conventions
	improvement: better audit logging performance helps organizations with high audit log volumes
	improvement: enhanced external AD sync performance benefits organizations with larger AD installations
	improvement: improved table designs: new row hover highlighting, more obvious labeling when column sorting is available, and stationary header row during scrolling
	improvement: the design of ALM modules appears more uniform across the application
	improvement: icons used within ALM feature more effective designs
	improvement: the Workflow Template Wizard has an improved visual design
August 2019	first General Availability release

# References

- API documentation portal
- GDPR
- SLAs
- SOC2

# **SLAs and Related Operational Considerations**

Account Lifecycle Manager offers a 99.9% Uptime SLA based on the Azure uptime SLAs of its component products and services.

## **Business Continuity**

Every 5 to 10 minutes, ALM backs up transaction logs to local storage. This supports a Recovery Point Objective (RPO) of ten minutes.

Every hour, ALM backs up transaction logs to a geographically redundant location, supporting an RPO of 1 hour.

ALM also creates differential backups approximately every 12 hours, and full database backups approximately every 24 hours.

### **Disaster Recovery**

The failure of an entire Azure Region would cause complete loss of access to Delinea's cloud entities located in the failed region for an indefinite, ongoing time.

To recover from such, Delinea would rebuild an ALM instance in another Azure region. The target for rebuilding and connecting to the geographically redundant database is 12 hours, although Delinea cannot guarantee that target.

## Confidentiality

#### Data-at-rest

ALM encrypts some critical data, including requests, audits, Secret Server connection information, and any other stored credentials such as API Tokens.

Encryption transparently applies to all data stored in the Azure SQL Server databases. This includes application audit logging. ALM does not encrypt the ALM Engine logs.

#### Data-in-Transit

ALM establishes HTTPS connections in conformance with TLS 1.2 protocols. This includes API and ALM Engine connections.

### **Client Authentication**

Authentication proceeds using OIDC to Thycotic One.

## Integrity: Code Signing

Code signing applies to the ALM Engine software, which is downloaded to the customer's premises to coordinate interactions among ALM and the customer's Active Directory and Secret Server resources.

# General Data Protection Rule (GDPR)

ALM requires certain Personally Identifiable Information (PII) to identify each User's account. This includes the User's name, email address, and password, these being the minimum necessary for authentication.

ALM tracks IP addresses to support access auditing.

Only select, trusted employees of Delinea can access customer data and decrypt it, and only by a controlled process that generates an audit trail inaccessible to those employees. This serves the interests of Users without compromising their privacy and control.

In GDPR terms, Delinea customers are the data controllers, and Delinea is the data processor.

Each ALM customer entirely controls their Users, their User Roles, and the access to data by their Users, according to the policies of the customer organization. ALM logs activity so the customer can monitor access and changes to the Secrets, Users, and Roles, all according to the customer's policies.

Delinea conducts a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) annually to verify continued conformance to GDPR principles.

# SOC II

Delinea offers its customers a SOC II Type II Annual Report documenting two rounds of checks. A third party creates the report as an independent assessment of Delinea's control environment.

The SOC II report, issued annually in accordance with the AICPA's AT Section 101 (Attest Engagements) and based on the AICPA's Trust Services Criteria, addresses the Security, Availability, and Confidentiality criteria.

# New This Month: November

#### Use this file only for months with extensive changes.

November saw Account Lifecycle Manager add New Account Notifications (an Account Discovery feature), ALM Engine Calibration (a Vault tool), and more usable Vault Detail pages, which now sport a tabbed interface. You can also opt to try out the beta release of a tool that will streamline the processes for setting up ALM Engines.

## **New Account Notifications**

October saw the addition of the Active Directory Account Discovery Tool, which provided bulk discovery and import of extant AD accounts when introducing ALM to the enterprise or extending its reach. With this November's update, you can catch new accounts as they appear—when ALM discovers new accounts in AD that have been created with no corresponding managed account record in ALM, it sends an email naming the AD accounts to the System Administrator.

ALM includes a Webhook for this event notification, allowing you to set up additional events to occur automatically when ALM finds unmanaged accounts in AD.

# **ALM Engine Calibration**

ALM can automatically assess which ALM Engines can connect to what Secrets vaults and directory services. MSPs may particularly embrace this tool, as they often must deal with multiple Secrets vaults and AD environments.

## **Tabbed Interface for Vault Detail Pages**

The tabbed interface now applied to Vault Detail pages increases the volume of information available for ready perusal, while making the User interface less cluttered.

# Beta Feature Release: ALM Engine Configuration Website Tool

On successful installation of an ALM Engine on a machine, a website hosted locally on that machine will be set to automatically load to provide an interface and toolset for configuring the Secret Server vault, setting up the External Domain (Active Directory), and creating ALM Engine Pools. This should streamline the overall setup process for ALM Engines.

In this November beta release of the feature it has been set not to autoload. To learn how you can try out this beta feature, see <u>Setup the ALM Engine Service</u>.